



ILLINOIS CRIMINAL JUSTICE INFORMATION AUTHORITY 2019 ANNUAL REPORT

Grant Administration | Research & Analysis | Information Systems



To the Governor and the Honorable Members of the General Assembly:



Jason Stamps

On behalf of the Illinois Criminal Justice Information Authority, I am pleased to present the Fiscal Year 2019 ICJIA Annual Report. This report features ICJIA's work in Illinois criminal justice policy and planning, grants administration, research, and information systems development during the fiscal year.

ICJIA administered 23 state and federal grant programs in FY19, including Safe from the Start, Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program, Victims of Crime Act, and Violence Against Women Act. More than 220 individual grants were processed, with \$83.1 million in disbursements made for the fiscal year. These grants give communities the ability to expand services that promote positive outcomes for the most vulnerable. They also promote a fair and just criminal justice system.

Researchers created a variety of interactive data applications for practitioners, policymakers, and the general public. This includes an application allowing users to explore the types of drug offenses for which individuals are admitted to prison in their counties, how offenses vary across Illinois regions, and characteristics of those admitted to prison for each type of drug offense. Mental health and substance use disorder continuums also were produced. These interactive articles describe the disorders and relevant evidence-informed practices in the criminal justice system. The research and the information ICJIA researchers produce informs and strengthens policy and practice across the justice system to produce better outcomes. I encourage you to visit ICJIA's Research Hub to view and use these resources.

Efforts to promote research-supported and data-driven approaches that contribute to improved public safety outcomes continued in FY19. The Adult Redeploy Illinois program, designed to help local jurisdictions expand the capacity to safely supervise justice-involved individuals in their communities, entered its ninth year, operating 25 sites serving 44 counties. ARI invests in evidence-based model programs shown to reduce recidivism and keep people out of prison. The program also was the organization recipient of the Illinois Association of Problem-Solving Courts' 2018 Leadership and Therapeutic Justice Award.

Strategic planning for ICJIA's six-year Illinois Helping Everyone Access Linked Systems (HEALS) initiative was completed in FY19. This initiative will improve identification, connection, and service engagement of children, youth, and families impacted by violence in Illinois. The strategic planning process revealed a great interest in cross-system community collaboration and strengthening screening, referral networks, and services available for young victims and their families. The plan will guide future work to implement policies, practices, and programs that strengthen community capacity to recognize when victimization has occurred and connect and engage young victims and families in needed services.

Finally, ICJIA received a U.S. Office for Victims of Crime grant to upgrade InfoNet, ICJIA's web-based data collection and reporting system used by victim service providers in Illinois. The system was used by 61 domestic violence programs, 31 sexual assault centers and eight child advocacy centers in FY19. Fiscal data show organizations provided over 750,000 service hours to 71,000 victims of domestic and sexual violence across the state. With the grant, a new interface will be developed to meet data collection and reporting needs of law enforcement and prosecutor-based victim service providers. The interface also will allow data collection on victims of gun and gang violence and survivors of homicide victims. InfoNet data supports continuous strategic planning at state and local levels, leading to more effective resource allocation and improved services.

I am proud of the efforts here at ICJIA to address justice issues that range from statewide concerns to the needs of individual communities, and I am grateful to our many community and government entities and the legislature for their partnership. Together we will continue to work toward our mission of improving the administration of criminal justice throughout Illinois.



Jason Stamps
Acting Executive Director

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Mission

Created in 1983, the Illinois Criminal Justice Information Authority (ICJIA) is a state agency dedicated to improving the administration of criminal justice. ICJIA brings together key leaders from the justice system and the public to identify critical issues faced by the criminal justice system in Illinois, and to propose and evaluate policies, programs, and legislation that address those issues. The agency also works to ensure the criminal justice system in Illinois is efficient and effective.

ICJIA's specific powers and duties are detailed in the Illinois Criminal Justice Information Act [20 ILCS 3930 *et. seq.*].

The statutory responsibilities of ICJIA fall under the categories of grants administration, research and analysis, policy and planning, and information systems and technology.

Grants administration

In the area of grants administration, ICJIA:

- Implements and funds criminal justice and violence prevention programs under the Violence Against Women Act, Victims of Crime Act, Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant program, Adult Redeploy Illinois, and other state and federal grant programs.
- Monitors program activity, ensures accountability, and provides technical assistance to grantees.

Research and analysis

In the area of research and analysis, ICJIA:

- Publishes research studies that analyze a variety of crime trends and criminal justice issues.
- Acts as a clearinghouse for information and research on crime, crime trends, and the criminal justice system.
- Audits the state central repositories official criminal history record information for data accuracy and completeness.
- Develops and evaluates state and local programs for improving law enforcement and the administration of criminal justice.

- Provides or directs partners to technical assistance opportunities.
- Identifies and provides information about evidence-based and promising practices for implementation by policymakers and practitioners.

Policy and planning

In the area of policy and planning, ICJIA:

- Develops and implements comprehensive strategies for a coordinated response by the various components of the criminal justice system for crime prevention and control and crime victim assistance using federal funds awarded to Illinois.
- Advises the Governor and the General Assembly on criminal justice policies and legislation.
- Convenes groups of policymakers and practitioners to identify and address ongoing concerns of criminal justice officials.
- Participates in initiatives that improve the impact and cost effectiveness of the criminal justice system.

Information systems and technology

In the area of information systems and technology, ICJIA:

- Designs, develops, and supports systems, including Infonet, which enhance the quality of victim service data.
- Serves as the sole administrative appeal body for determining citizen challenges to the accuracy of their criminal history records.
- Monitors the operation of existing criminal justice information systems to protect the constitutional rights and privacy of citizens.
- Supports the development of an integrated criminal justice information network in Illinois.

ICJIA Values Statement

The Illinois Criminal Justice Information Authority works to identify critical issues facing the criminal justice system and proposes legislation, programs, and policies that address those issues. ICJIA also strives to ensure the criminal justice system is as efficient and effective as possible. ICJIA staff are guided by the following values as they work to fulfill this mission.

Integrity

We believe in personal and professional integrity. We take pride in ICJIA's mission and in maintaining and building on the agency's reputation for producing high quality work that is accurate, honest, fair, timely, and ethical. To that end, we conduct our activities and ourselves in a manner that earns the public's trust and inspires confidence in our work. We seek to encourage public feedback on our activities and public participation in planning activities and meetings.

Leadership

We are committed to supporting and developing staff leadership at all levels. ICJIA managers lead by supporting innovation and by providing purpose, direction, example, and motivation while working toward ICJIA's mission and improving the agency. Staff are encouraged to exercise leadership in motivating subordinates, coworkers, and/or supervisors to accomplish ICJIA's mission and to adhere to its established values. When appropriate, ICJIA, as an organization, assumes a leadership role in the criminal justice system.

Diversity

We believe in an environment that supports and encourages a diverse workplace. We are committed to creating a comfortable and effective work environment; building rapport between people who are culturally, racially, and by gender different; utilizing the diverse ideas and experiences of all people in the workplace; supporting the right of every individual to be treated with fairness, consideration, and respect; and enhancing our organizational culture by continuously improving human resource practices so that all staff feel welcome, their differences are valued, and they are supported in their work.

Professional Development

We believe the most important ICJIA asset is its staff, and we believe in giving each employee a chance to realize his or her fullest potential. We are committed to enhancing and expanding the skills, knowledge, and expertise of our staff. Therefore, we work to meet training needs and promote individual as well as collective career enhancement.

Public service

We recognize that as a government agency, we serve the public. We understand that our purpose is to serve the best interests of the public. To maximize the use of public funds in support of our mission, we strive to operate in a cost-effective and efficient manner, and support programs that operate in such a manner. We acknowledge our responsibility to disseminate information to maintain our accountability to the public.

Respect

We are committed to cooperation and teamwork and keep the value of those with whom we associate, inside and outside of ICJIA, at the forefront as we pursue ICJIA's mission. We strive to treat others with consideration, common courtesy, and dignity.

Teamwork and Collaboration

We value teamwork and collaboration. We seek an atmosphere where individual talents and organizational expertise are combined to achieve successful outcomes. Internally, we foster shared participation, responsibility, and recognition among staff at all levels and across functional units. Externally, we facilitate constructive relationships among policymakers, criminal justice agencies, and stakeholders throughout the criminal justice system.

Excellence

We believe all our work must be of high quality. That is, it should be useful, informative, timely, complete, accurate, cost effective, objective, free from bias, accessible, and reflective of the best professional practice. We also believe that the work of any one staff person reflects upon the work of the entire agency. We expect all staff members to generate high-quality work products.

Composition and Membership

The Illinois Criminal Justice Information Authority is governed by a 25-member board of state and local leaders in the criminal justice community, and experts from the private sector. ICJIA is supported by a full-time professional staff working from the agency's offices in Chicago and Springfield.

ICJIA is led by a chair, who is appointed by the governor from among the board's members. The Board is required to meet at least four times a year.

ICJIA members set agency priorities, track the progress of ongoing programs, and monitor the agency's budget. By law, the Board includes the following members serving by statute:

- Cook County Board President.
- Cook County Circuit Court Clerk.
- Cook County Sheriff.
- Cook County State's Attorney.
- Cook County Public Defender.
- Chicago Police Superintendent.
- Director, Illinois Department of Children and Family Services.
- Director, Illinois Department of Corrections.
- Director, Illinois Department of Public Health.
- Director, Illinois State Police.
- Director, Office of the State Appellate Defender.
- Director, Office of the State's Attorney Appellate Prosecutor.
- Executive director, Illinois Law Enforcement Training and Standards Board.
- Illinois Attorney General (or designee).

The Governor also must appoint:

- Six members of the public.
- A police chief from another municipality.
- A sheriff from another county.
- A state's attorney from another county.
- A circuit court clerk from another county.
- A public defender from another county.

ICJIA Members include:

Patrick Delfino

Patrick Delfino was appointed director of the Office of the State's Attorneys Appellate Prosecutor in December 2008. Mr. Delfino is a graduate of the University of Notre Dame Law School and is an experienced trial and appellate attorney. Before joining the appellate prosecutor's office as assistant director, Mr. Delfino served as a drug attorney and court specialist with the Illinois Law Enforcement Commission and as the Cook County State's Attorney's Office Director of Planning and Special Projects.

Mr. Delfino has taught both at college and law school and is a member of the Sex Offender Management Board and the Department of Children and Family Services Children's Task Force. Mr. Delfino also serves as executive director of the Illinois State's Attorneys Association. He is a past president of the Illinois Academy of Criminology and a member of the Chicago Bar Association, Illinois State Bar Association, and the National District Attorneys Association.

Dwight Baird

Dwight Baird was elected Kendall County Sheriff in 2014. Mr. Baird began his law enforcement career with the Kendall County Sheriff's Office in 1990. He later transferred to the Oswego Police Department where he rose through the ranks to become chief, a role he filled from 2003 to 2014.

Mr. Baird has been recognized for his achievements throughout his career, including receiving a Life Saving Award by the Illinois Police Association and a Medal of Valor award by the Illinois Association of Chiefs of Police. He also was named 2014 Illinois Crime Commission Police Chief of the Year.

Mr. Baird is a member of the Illinois Sheriffs Association, National Sheriffs Association, International Association of Chiefs of Police, and Illinois Association of Chiefs of Police. He is president of the Northern Illinois Zone of Sheriffs, past president of the North East Multi-Regional Training Board, and vice chairman of the Federal High Intensity Drug Trafficking Agency. Mr. Baird earned a bachelor's

degree in professional studies and criminal justice management from Aurora University and a master's degree with police executive certification from Western Illinois University. He is a graduate of the FBI National Academy and the National Sheriff's Institute.

Carla Barnes

Carla E. Barnes was appointed McLean County Chief Public Defender in fall 2014, becoming the first African American to lead the office. Ms. Barnes joined the McLean County Public Defender's Office in 2001 as an assistant public defender in the Traffic Division. She was later promoted to supervise the Misdemeanor Division while maintaining a felony caseload. Her case assignments ranged from felony traffic to murder.

Prior to joining the McLean County Public Defender's Office, Ms. Barnes was employed in private practice. She later served in the Cook County State's Attorney's Office Child Support Division. She also served in the McLean County State's Attorney's Office. Ms. Barnes holds a bachelor's degree in criminal justice from Illinois State University and a juris doctorate from The John Marshall Law School.

Charlie Beck

Charlie Beck was appointed Chicago Police Department (CPD) Interim Superintendent in December 2019. Prior to joining CPD, he served as chief of the Los Angeles Police Department (LAPD), where he was credited with significant crime reductions, terrorism containment, and continuation of reforms that brought LAPD into compliance with the consent decree.

Mr. Beck joined LAPD in 1977 after serving two years with the Los Angeles Police Reserve Corps. He was promoted to sergeant in 1984, lieutenant in 1993, captain in 1999, commander in 2005, deputy chief in 2006, and police chief in 2009. Mr. Beck is credited with forming LAPD's collaborative Safer Cities Initiative. Mr. Beck received a bachelor's degree in occupational studies-vocational arts from California State University at Long Beach.

Dorothy Brown

Dorothy Brown was first elected Cook County Circuit Clerk in 2000, becoming the first African American to hold the position. As the official keeper of records for all judicial matters brought into one of the largest unified court systems in the world, Ms. Brown manages an annual operating budget of more than \$100 million and a workforce of more than 2,300 employees.

Ms. Brown holds a master's in business administration, a juris doctorate, and is a certified public accountant.

Amy Campanelli

Amy P. Campanelli was first sworn in as Cook County Public Defender in 2015. Ms. Campanelli's appointment was the culmination of 27 years of service representing the indigent accused. She started as an assistant public defender in the office's Juvenile Division in 1987 and after three years she moved to the Felony Trial Division, where she remained until 1998.

After a brief stint in private practice, Ms. Campanelli returned to the Cook County Public Defender's Office in 2003 as a Felony Trial Division attorney supervisor. She worked her way up the ranks through 2012, when she was promoted to deputy public defender in charge of Cook County's five suburban districts, a position she held until her appointment as the Cook County Public Defender.

Ms. Campanelli received a bachelor's degree from the University of Illinois and a juris doctorate from Chicago-Kent College of Law.

James Chadd

James E. Chadd was appointed director of the Office of the State Appellate Defender in January 2018. Mr. Chadd has spent his entire legal career with the Office of the State Appellate Defender beginning as an assistant appellate defender in Springfield in 1984. He moved to the Chicago office in 1989, became a supervisor in 2002, an assistant deputy in 2010, and the deputy state appellate defender in 2014. In 2011, Mr. Chadd received the James B. Haddad Award in recognition of a career marked by extraordinary legal work and dedication to representing indigent clients.

Mr. Chadd holds a bachelor's degree in history and English literature from the University of Oregon and a juris doctor degree from the University of Illinois College of Law.

Kahalah Clay

Kahalah Clay was appointed to St. Clair County Circuit Clerk in 2011 and elected to the position in 2012. Prior to being appointed circuit clerk, Ms. Clay was an assistant state's attorney with the St. Clair County State's Attorney's Office and spent time as a private attorney. As circuit court clerk, Ms. Clay has advanced the office in the areas of technology and digitization. She was the second circuit clerk in the state to receive Illinois Supreme Court approval for a permanent e-filing program for civil cases. She also received High Court approval for r-file criminal case types and electronic citations. Ms. Clay is president of the Illinois Association of Court Clerks Executive Board. Ms. Clay attended the University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign and Indiana University School of Law-Indianapolis.

Tom Dart

Tom Dart was first sworn in as the 52nd Cook County Sheriff in 2006. Mr. Dart began his career in public service as an assistant state's attorney in Cook County. In 1992, Mr. Dart won a seat in the Illinois House, where he sponsored Mayor Daley's Safe Neighborhoods Act and authored several state laws designed to crack down on child sex offenders, including a statute that targeted child predators that lure young victims online. Mr. Dart also wrote the Sexually Violent Predators Commitment Act, enabling judges to detain sexual predators in state mental health facilities if they believe the offender is likely to commit new sex crimes. Mr. Dart joined the Cook County Sheriff's Office in 2003, where he served as chief of staff to former Cook County Sheriff Michael F. Sheahan.

Ngozi Ezike

Ngozi Ezike is acting director of the Illinois Department of Public Health (IDPH). Dr. Ezike is a board-certified internist and pediatrician who comes to IDPH from the Cook County Department of Public Health (CCDPH), where she served for more than 15 years. She also was medical director at the Cook County Juvenile Temporary Detention Center. Prior

to joining CCDPH, Dr. Ezike served as Austin Health Center medical director where she actively engaged with the community on a variety of health initiatives. She also has delivered inpatient care at Stroger Hospital and primary and preventive care in community and school-based clinics.

Dr. Ezike is a national policy advisor on juvenile correctional health topics. She received a medical degree from University of California at San Diego and a bachelor's degree in chemistry from Harvard University. Dr. Ezike also holds a management certificate from Harvard Business School and is an assistant professor in the Department of Pediatrics at Rush University.

Brent Fischer

Brent Fischer was appointed executive director of the Illinois Law Enforcement Training and Standards Board in 2015. Prior to his appointment, Mr. Fischer served for 17 years as Adams County Sheriff. He began his career at the Adam County Sheriff's Office as a court security officer in 1991 and was hired as a deputy sheriff in 1994. Mr. Fischer served 10 years as a member of the Illinois Law Enforcement Training and Standards Board, including two years as the board's chairman, and he is a past president Illinois Sheriff's Association.

Kimberly M. Foxx

Kimberly M. Foxx was elected Cook County State's Attorney in 2016 and is the first African-American woman to lead the office. Prior to being elected state's attorney, Ms. Foxx served as chief of staff or Cook County Board President Toni Preckwinkle. There, she was the lead architect of the county's criminal justice reform agenda to address racial disparities in the criminal and juvenile justice systems. Ms. Foxx also served as an assistant state's attorney in the Cook County State's Attorney's Office for 12 years and as guardian *ad litem* in the Cook County Public Guardian's Office.

Ms. Foxx is a board member at Adler University and a past president of the National Black Prosecutors Association-Chicago Chapter. She is a member of Leadership Greater Chicago and the Chicago Council of Lawyers. She earned a bachelor's degree in political science from Southern Illinois University

(SIU) and a juris doctorate from the SIU School of Law.

Rob Jeffreys

Rob Jeffreys is acting director of the Illinois Department of Corrections. Mr. Jeffreys is a nationally recognized criminal justice expert with correctional experience spanning more than two decades. Mr. Jeffreys served in a variety of corrections management roles at the Ohio Department of Rehabilitation and Corrections (ODRC) for more than 20 years, including as chief of staff. He began his career as a corrections class specialist in ODRC's Bureau of Research. From 2007 to 2010, Mr. Jeffreys was on special assignment under the Intergovernmental Personnel Act as a national prison security program coordinator with the National Institute of Corrections in Washington, D.C.

Mr. Jeffreys received both master's and bachelor's degrees in criminal justice from Marshall University.

Brendan Kelly

Brendan Kelly is acting director of the Illinois State Police (ISP). Prior to joining ISP, Mr. Kelly served as St. Clair County State's Attorney. During his military service as an officer in the U.S. Navy, Mr. Kelly conducted research on Israeli-Palestinian joint police patrols in the Middle East. As an assistant state's attorney, he served on the Illinois State Bar Association Criminal Justice Section Council. He was a member of the Illinois Juvenile Justice Commission, the Illinois Criminal Justice and Sentencing Reform Commission, and the Attorney General's Sexual Assault Task Force.

Mr. Kelly received a juris doctor from the St. Louis University School of Law and a bachelor's degree in government and international relations from the University of Notre Dame.

Bryan Kibler

Bryan Kibler is the Effingham County State's Attorney. Mr. Kibler's office prosecutes 250 felonies and 500 misdemeanors a year and advises the county on civil issues. Prior to becoming state's attorney, Mr. Kibler had a private practice that concentrated on criminal defense and family law. Mr. Kibler earned

his bachelor's degree from Northern Illinois University and his law degree from Southern Illinois University.

David Olson

David Olson, Ph.D., is a professor and graduate program director in the at Loyola University Chicago Criminal Justice and Criminology Department and co-director of Loyola's Center for Criminal Justice Research, Policy and Practice. With more than 30 years of experience in criminal justice, Dr. Olson has worked with a variety of federal, state, and local agencies to develop and evaluate programs and policies, particularly in community and institutional corrections. Dr. Olson also is a 20-year veteran of ICJIA, where he served as director of Illinois' Statewide Drug and Violent Crime Control Strategy Impact Evaluation Program.

Dr. Olson received a bachelor's degree in criminal justice from Loyola University Chicago, a master's degree in criminal justice from the University of Illinois at Chicago, and a doctorate in political science/public policy analysis from the University of Illinois at Chicago, where he also was the recipient of the Assistant United States Attorney General's Graduate Research Fellowship.

Joseph Perez

Joseph M. Perez was appointed chief of the Metra Police Department in 2014. A 28-year veteran of the Illinois State Police Department (ISP), Mr. Perez started his law enforcement career with ISP as a trooper in 1986 and steadily rose through the ranks. As a command officer for more than 14 years, he planned the safety and security for several significant events, including the 2012 NATO Summit in Chicago.

Mr. Perez is a member of the Chicago FBI Joint Terrorism Task Force Executive Board, the American Public Transportation Association Security Peer Advisory Group, and the Association of American Railroads Rail Security Working Committee. He was recipient of the 2014 Hector Jordan Lifetime Achievement Award from the Hispanic Illinois State Law Enforcement Association.

Toni Preckwinkle

Toni Preckwinkle was first elected Cook County Board President in 2010. Prior to joining the Cook County Board, Ms. Preckwinkle served as alderman of Chicago's 4th Ward for 19 years. In that time, Ms. Preckwinkle built a professional and responsive ward organization that met the diverse needs of her constituents. She sponsored the living wage and affordable housing ordinance, and was a lead plaintiff in a lawsuit to institute a more racially equitable map of Chicago's ward boundaries.

Prior to joining Chicago City Council, Ms. Preckwinkle taught high school history in Chicago for 10 years. During that time, she ran a non-profit organization aimed at neighborhood improvement. Ms. Preckwinkle was recipient of the IVI-IPO Best Alderman Award in 1993, 1995, 1997, 1999, 2005 and 2008. She also received the 1997 and 2009 Leon Despres Awards. She holds a bachelor's degree and a master's degree from the University of Chicago.

Kwame Raoul

Kwame Raoul was sworn in as the 42nd Attorney General of Illinois in January 2019. He began his legal career as a prosecutor in the Cook County State's Attorney's Office handling matters at the trial and appellate level in the criminal, civil, and juvenile divisions of the office. He subsequently served as a senior staff attorney for the City Colleges of Chicago, handling primarily labor and employment matters. Mr. Raoul also has been a partner at two national law firms, serving in the health care and labor and employment practice groups.

In 2004, Mr. Raoul was appointed to serve as the state senator representing the 13th Legislative District, where he was subsequently re-elected on multiple occasions to represent the district. Mr. Raoul has been recognized for his work on behalf of survivors of sexual assault and domestic violence, which includes passage of the Safe Homes Act and the Sexual Assault Survivors' Bill of Rights. He earned a bachelor's degree from DePaul University and a juris doctorate from Chicago-Kent College of Law.

Kathryn Saltmarsh

Kathryn Saltmarsh is executive director of the Sentencing Policy Advisory Council (SPAC), a position

she has held since 2010. Prior to joining SPAC, Ms. Saltmarsh was legislative affairs director for the Office of the Illinois Attorney General. She also served as a legislative and appellate policy advisory with the Office of the State Appellate Defender, where she was actively involved in the negotiation and passage of death penalty reform legislation.

Ms. Saltmarsh chose a public service career focusing on criminal justice as a member of the post-conviction legal team for Randy Steidl, a wrongfully convicted death row inmate who was released after 17 years in prison. She is former co-director of the Criminal Law Edit, Alignment and Reform (CLEAR) Commission, which drafted the statute that created SPAC and sponsored multiple bills to simplify and modernize the Illinois Criminal Code and Code of Corrections. She serves on the Budgeting for Results Commission, Adult Redeploy Illinois Oversight Board, and Center for State Policy and Leadership Board at the University of Illinois Springfield. Ms. Saltmarsh graduated magna cum laude from the University of Illinois College of Law.

Marc Smith

Marc D. Smith is acting director of the Illinois Department of Children and Family Services (DCFS). Prior to his appointment, Mr. Smith served as the executive vice president of foster care and intact services at Aunt Martha's Health & Wellness, Illinois' largest provider of services to families in crisis, since 2009. In the role, he collaborated with child welfare leaders, professionals and other stakeholders to implement family-centered systems and practices that protected and supported vulnerable children and families.

Prior to serving with Aunt Martha's, Mr. Smith worked for more than two decades as a social worker, trainer, and leader in child welfare. From 2004 to 2009, he served as a program administrator and recovery coach at Treatment Alternatives for Safe Communities (TASC), where he managed the child welfare division. Mr. Smith also worked as a public service administrator for DCFS from 1993 to 2000. A licensed clinical social worker and certified trainer, Mr. Smith received his bachelor's degree in criminal justice from Illinois State University and his master's degree in social work from the University of Illinois at Chicago.

Vickie Smith

Vickie Smith is executive director of the Illinois Coalition Against Domestic Violence (ICADV). Ms. Smith began her work in the battered women's movement in 1982 by providing emergency safe housing to survivors of domestic violence. She helped open a non-residential crisis intervention program, first serving on its board of directors and then serving as the first non-paid director. She joined ICADV in 1988 as a grant monitor and became executive director in 1993.

Ms. Smith is a founding board member of the National Network to End Domestic Violence, a national advocacy agency in Washington D.C. During the development of the National Network, she worked with other state and national advocates on drafting the historic 1994 Violence Against Women Act. Ms. Smith has a bachelor's degree in child, family and community services from Sangamon State University, now known as the University of Illinois at Springfield.

Carmen Terrones

Carmen Terrones is founder of Connecting RJ Communities, a consulting firm that aims to increase the potential of underserved communities by fostering empowerment and exposure to restorative justice. Prior to starting her consulting firm, Ms. Terrones worked at David Lynch Foundation as a consultant and Haywood Burns Institute as a senior associate. She also served as regional administrator of the northern region for the Illinois Department of Juvenile Justice, deputy chief probation officer of the Chicago Northern Division for Cook County Juvenile Probation Department, and coordinator of the Juvenile Detention Alternative Initiative for Cook County Juvenile Probation Department.

Ms. Terrones is an advisory board member for the Restorative Justice Hubs and Adler University's Institute on Public Safety and Social Justice. In addition, she is a member of the Annie E. Casey Foundation Applied Leadership Network and the Latin American Professionals Impacting Society. She received a bachelor's degree in law enforcement administration from Western Illinois University and

a master's degree in psychology with an emphasis in industrial organization psychology from Walden University.

Jennifer Vollen-Katz

Jennifer Vollen-Katz is executive director of the John Howard Association. In this role, she monitors conditions and programming in Illinois correction and detention facilities and helps create and implement system-wide operational and policy reform. Ms. Vollen-Katz also serves as chairwoman of the State Advisory Board to the Illinois Department of Juvenile Justice. Prior to joining the John Howard Association, Ms. Vollen-Katz was a lecturer in law and a clinical supervisor at the University of Chicago Law School Mandel Legal Aid Clinic. She also was a staff attorney with the Federal Defender Program of Northern Illinois, where she represented indigent defendants in federal criminal cases in the Northern District.

Ms. Vollen-Katz earned her bachelor's degree from St. Lawrence University, her juris doctorate from the Georgetown University Law Center, and her master's degree in criminal justice policy from the London School of Economics in London, England.

Paula Wolff

Paula Wolff is director of the Illinois Justice Project, a civic organization that works to reform the criminal justice system. Ms. Wolff has focused much of her career on justice policy. From 2000 to 2014, she led the Justice and Violence Group of Metropolis Strategies, the predecessor to the Illinois Justice Project.

From 1992 to 2000, Ms. Wolff served as president of Governors State University. She was responsible for the management of the university, overseeing faculty, students, the budget, and strategic direction. Ms. Wolff also served as the director of policy and planning for former Gov. James Thompson. In that role, she directed development and implemented policy at all levels of state government.

Ms. Wolff earned a bachelor's degree from Smith College and a master's degree and doctorate in political science from the University of Chicago.

Committees

The Illinois Criminal Justice Information Authority has both ad hoc and standing committees. The ICJIA chair appoints committee chairs and vice chairs. Non-ICJIA members may be appointed to *ad hoc* committees as long as the committees include at least one Board member. Standing committees help direct and review much of the agency's work. With the exception of the Appeals Committee, standing committees consist of at least seven members of the ICJIA Board.

Ad Hoc Victim Services

The Ad Hoc Victim Services Committee convenes every three years to define priorities for use of S.T.O.P. Violence Against Women Act and Victim of Crime Act funds. The criminal justice, juvenile justice, victim services professionals, and victim advocates who comprise the committee review crime and victimization research and data to identify needs and gaps and ensure a minimum provision of basic services to victims of crime and prioritize funding.

Appeals Committee

The Appeals Committee decides administrative appeals by citizens who have challenged the accuracy and completeness of their state criminal history records.

Budget Committee

The Budget Committee reviews the ICJIA budget. It receives fiscal reports about the funds made available to further the purposes of the Illinois Criminal Justice Information Act and oversees ICJIA grant award procedures. In addition, committee members may present testimony and advocate for the ICJIA budget request before the governor and General Assembly.

Strategic Opportunities Committee

The Strategic Opportunities Committee defines principles that will provide strategic vision and governance to direct the agency's grant work, define priorities that focus the agency's grant work to implement the principles, and identify the process used to maximize effectiveness of the state's justice system. The committee is leading an effort to create a three-year strategic plan for ICJIA's work. The plan will include coordinating mandated planning for the

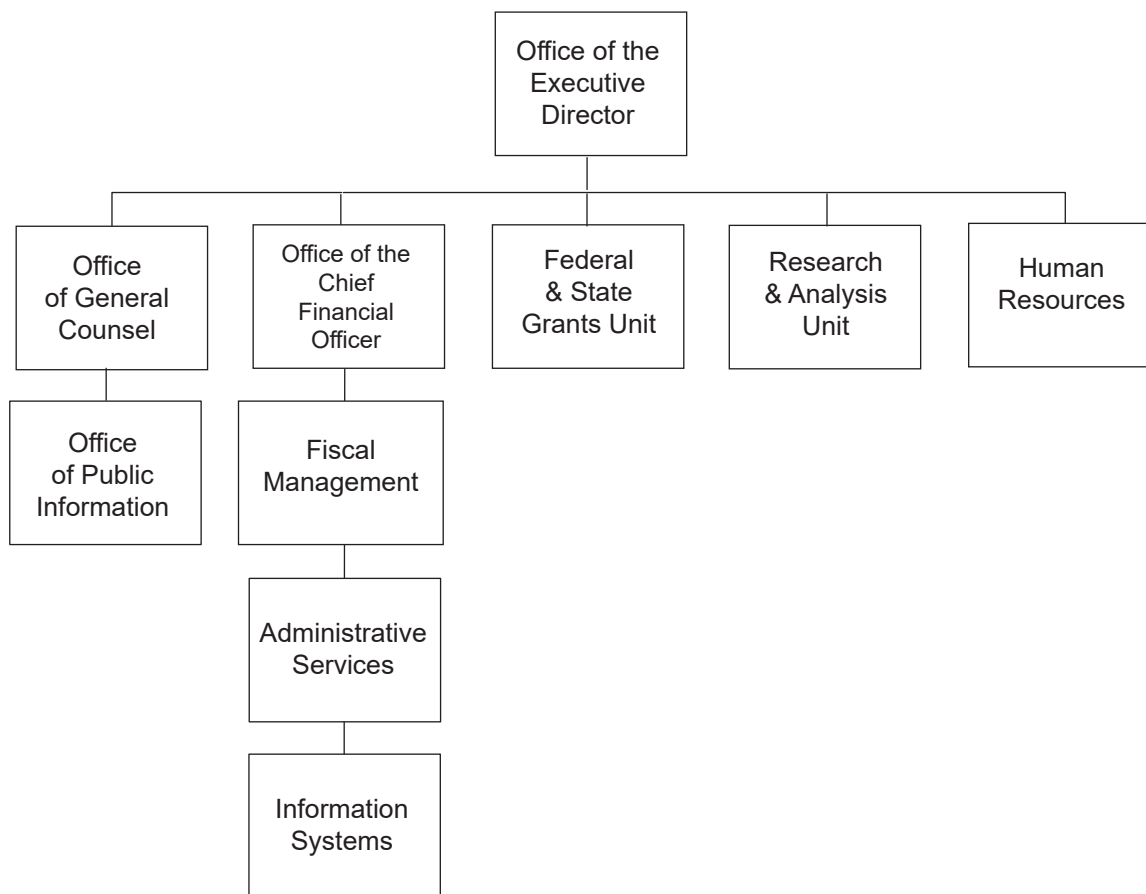


Awards & Accolades

ICJIA's **Adult Redeploy Illinois (ARI)** Program was honored as the organization recipient of the **2018 Leadership and Therapeutic Justice Award** from the Illinois Association of Problem-Solving Courts (ILAPSC). The award was received before 600 attendees of the ILAPSC conference in October 2018. *Pictured from left: ARI Program Director Mary Ann Dyar, Hon. Jeff Ford, ILAPSC President, and Michelle Rock of the Illinois Center of Excellence for Behavioral Health and Justice.*

ICJIA's federal block grants and state grant advisory groups; encouraging and coordinating federal and private grant work outside of its block grants that drive targeted improvements to the Illinois justice system that are informed by ICJIA's principles and priorities; and partnering with related agencies and state and local level initiatives to align interests.

Staff organization



While ICJIA members set priorities for the agency and monitor their progress, the day-to-day work is carried out by ICJIA staff, who come from a variety of backgrounds and disciplines.

At the end of the fiscal year 2019, ICJIA had 65 employees on payroll (two part-time), 11 contractual staff members, and 2 vacancies. To maintain diversity, the agency aggressively pursues equal employment opportunities. As of June 30, 2019, the ICJIA's workforce was 63% female, 37% male, 52 percent White, 29% African American, 11% Asian, and 8% Hispanic.

Office of the Executive Director

The agency's executive director, who is appointed by the governor with the advice and consent of the Illinois Senate, is responsible for the direction and administration of ICJIA staff. The executive director determines staff priorities and administers resources

and programs needed to meet agency goals. The executive director also serves as liaison to the governor, General Assembly, ICJIA members, and state and national criminal justice officials and organizations.

Office of Administrative Services

The Office of Administrative Services is responsible for office security and the day-to-day general operations of the agency, including procurements.

Federal & State Grants Unit

The Federal & State Grants Unit oversees federal and state assistance programs administered by ICJIA, including the Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program, Victims of Crime Act, and Violence Against Women Act. The unit is responsible for developing program strategies, recommending programs to be funded, and monitoring grant awards.

Office of Fiscal Management

The Office of Fiscal Management formulates ICJIA's annual budget, administers its financial transactions, manages audits, and prepares mandated financial reports for the Office of the Comptroller, the U.S. Department of Justice, and other funding agencies.

Office of General Counsel

The general counsel provides legal services to ICJIA, particularly in areas such as access to criminal justice information, privacy and security concerns, the Illinois Freedom of Information Act, and interagency funding agreements. The office directs ICJIA's legislative program and the general counsel serves as secretary to ICJIA and the Institutional Review Board. The general counsel also acts as chief of staff and oversees the Office of Human Resources and Office of Public Information.

Office of Human Resources

The Office of Human Resources develops and oversees compliance with mandated programs and implements personnel policies. It also coordinates a variety of employee training initiatives, and administers employee benefit programs, compliance with the Americans with Disabilities Act, and the agency's annual Affirmative Action Plan.

Information Systems Unit

The Information Systems Unit develops and manages ICJIA's computerized information systems and databases, including the Computerized Lab Reporting Information System and InfoNet. The unit is responsible for website and software development, systems operations, and technical support. The unit also provides technical support for in-house systems and computer users.

Office of Public Information

The Office of Public Information manages media relations and external communications for ICJIA. It oversees the editing, design, and production of research reports, brochures, guidebooks, the annual report, and other documents published by ICJIA.

Research & Analysis Unit

Also known as the Illinois Statistical Analysis Center, the Research & Analysis Unit conducts research that supports criminal justice policy and program development. The unit serves as an information clearinghouse for criminal justice statistics and research. In addition, it collects, analyzes, and disseminates information on the extent and nature of crime and crime trends and the causes and prevention of crime. The unit also conducts evaluations of criminal justice programs. The Research & Analysis Unit has taken a leadership role in convening policymakers and practitioners to coordinate and improve system response to crime and to promote the use of evidence-based and promising practices at the state and local level. The unit staffs statutorily created criminal justice initiatives. It also develops statistical methodologies and provides statistical advice and interpretation to support criminal justice decision-making and information needs.

Adult Redeploy Illinois

In response to declining state resources and expanding criminal justice research about best practices in corrections, Illinois passed the Crime Reduction Act of 2009. The Adult Redeploy Illinois (ARI) program was created by the Act to increase community-based alternatives to incarceration which research shows are more effective at reducing recidivism and less expensive than prison.

ARI provides grants to local jurisdictions to expand their capacity to safely supervise individuals in the community by investing in evidence-based practices that support successful rehabilitation and compliance. In exchange for grant funding, sites agree to reduce by 25 percent the number of people they send to the Illinois Department of Corrections from their target populations.

ARI funding seeks to reduce recidivism by addressing the behavioral health issues, including addiction and mental illness, underlying individuals' involvement in the criminal justice system. ARI programs assess individuals' risk to re-offend, provide services to address their criminogenic needs, and seek to leverage their assets, such as family support and employment. This results in improved public safety at a lower cost to taxpayers.

ICJIA received a \$10 million appropriation in FY19 to administer ARI and 25 sites covering 44 counties were funded during the fiscal year. Together, these sites provided community-based supervision and services to more than 1,900 individuals otherwise facing prison during the year.

Each individual diverted from prison by ARI represents significant cost savings and avoidance. While marginal costs for each individual housed within the prison system total about \$8,000 annually, a typical ARI intervention costs on average \$4,000. The annual incarceration cost per capita for SFY19 was over \$30,000.

The type and intensity of ARI interventions vary; however, a standard intervention—in a problem-solving court or specialized probation with services program—involves a risk and needs assessment, individualized case planning, frequent monitoring, and increased access to treatment and wrap-around services.

Adult Redeploy Illinois Grants

ICJIA disbursed FY19 ARI grant funds to the following programs:

Agency	State funds disbursed
20th Judicial Circuit	\$375,485
2nd Judicial Circuit	\$190,875
4th Judicial Circuit	\$335,721
9th Judicial Circuit	\$395,176
Adams County	\$217,877
Boone County	\$65,118
Cook County Adult Probation	\$765,764
Cook County Circuit Court	\$184,176
DeKalb County	\$233,685
DuPage County	\$80,057
Grundy County	\$102,681
Jersey County Probation	\$149,959
Kendall County	\$204,546
Lake County Circuit Court	\$142,120
LaSalle County	\$312,686
LaSalle County Court Services	\$263,400
LaSalle County Treatment Alternative Court	152,495
Macon County	\$322,488
Madison County	\$412,964
McLean County	\$507,952
Peoria County	\$38,529
Sangamon County	\$68,265
Washington County	\$13,923
Will County	\$41,481
Winnebago County	\$7,455

TOTAL: \$5,584,878

Quantitative and qualitative performance measurement data are collected and analyzed by ARI staff and researchers to provide site feedback for ongoing improvement and report on progress to external stakeholders and report on progress to the Governor, General Assembly, and other external stakeholders.

For more information on Adult Redeploy Illinois, please visit www.icjia.state.il.us/redeploy.

Illinois Helping Everyone Access Linked Systems Initiative

Illinois Helping Everyone Access Linked Systems (HEALS) is a six-year initiative, funded by the U.S. Office for Victims of Crime, that seeks to improve the identification, connection, and service engagement of children, youth, and families impacted by violence in Illinois. ICJIA was awarded a \$500,000 federal Linking Systems of Care for Children and Youth State Demonstration Grant in federal fiscal year 2017. In FY19, ICJIA received \$351,176 for program administration.

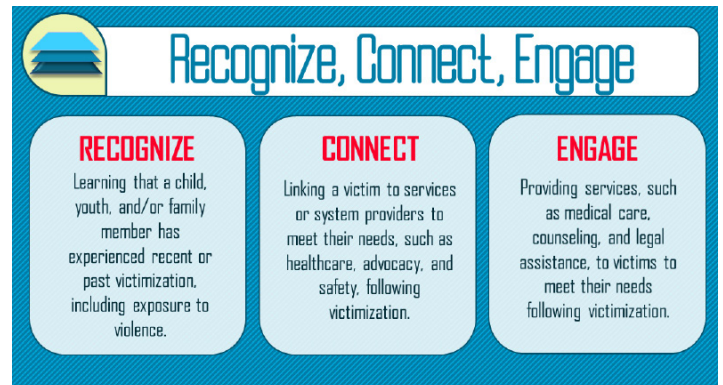
Illinois HEALS staff completed a 15-month program planning process this fiscal year, culminating in the Illinois HEALS Action Plan. The plan will guide the future work of the project to implement policies, practices, and programs that strengthen the capacity of Illinois' communities to recognize when victimization has occurred and connect and engage young victims and families in needed services.

The planning process revealed a great interest within the community in cross-system collaboration and strengthening screening, referral networks, and services available for young victims and their families.

Interviews with victims demonstrated many are ready to work alongside providers and practitioners to engage their communities in building strong linkages. While identification, referral, and support are core to creating strong linkages, stakeholders and victims said strong relationships also are essential for the three components to meaningfully function. Victims emphasized that a meaningful response is centered in relationships founded on trust and respect. Providers said relationships with systems and agencies built upon accountability and resource sharing were crucial to comprehensively serving clients whose needs often extended beyond their own agencies' capacity.

Viewing these essential components through the lens of relationships, strong linkages involve recognizing victimization has occurred and assessing its impact, connecting victims to resources that address the impact, and providing services that meaningfully engage victims and their families.

The Illinois HEALS Action Plan is being implemented in southeastern Illinois, housed within Egyptian Public Health Department in Eldorado, and serving Franklin, Gallatin, Saline, White, and Wil-



liamson counties. Egyptian has an existing System of Care (SOC) program called Project Connect 2.0, which serves children with serious emotional disturbances. The demonstration project will allow service provision to a larger group of children, youth, and families who have experienced violence and expansion of the program's current service area. Egyptian's SOC is a national model of coordinated care reflecting the Illinois HEALS guiding principles.

Illinois HEALS staff also crafted a competitive Illinois HEALS notice of funding opportunity with Victim of Crime Act funds. The grant solicitation asked applicants to apply the Illinois HEALS Action Plan within the context of their communities. Selected programs will be funded in FY20.

Other plans for FY20 include:

- Collaborating with the grantees to improve the identification of victimization and coordination of services for children and their families.
- Supporting implementation through research and evaluation and serving as a conduit between community-based implementation and state level policy development.
- Continuing to publish research, present at national conferences, and attend national technical assistance gatherings.
- Hosting a webinar series with national experts in best practices for parent engagement.

For more information and to view the Illinois HEALS Action Plan, please visit www.ilheals.com.

Completed Programs

Two ICJIA programs wrapped up in FY19. They include the National Criminal Justice Reform Project and the Targeted Violence Prevention Program.

National Criminal Justice Reform Project

ICJIA completed its participation in the National Criminal Justice Reform Project during the fiscal year. The project offered technical assistance to states wishing to plan and implement data-driven, evidence-based practices in the areas of pretrial reform, re-entry and offender recidivism, mental health and substance use, reducing incarceration, and information sharing.

Through the project and with the assistance of an advisory board of national experts, the Governor's Office, ICJIA provided technical assistance to local jurisdictions to form or support county-level criminal justice coordinating councils (CJCCs) in Lake, McHenry, McLean, St. Clair, and Winnebago counties and networked with other counties interested in forming councils.

CJCCs convene elected and appointed executive-level policymakers to collaboratively address issues facing the justice system and its constituent agencies. Though CJCCs vary widely in membership and structure, CJCCs are partnerships of decision-makers who have a stake in the effective administration of justice. Partnerships include representatives from the executive, judicial, and legislative branches and city, county, and state agencies. Public citizens and allied stakeholders in education or health and human services and community-based organizations also partner. CJCCs follow a data-guided and structured planning process to identify, analyze, solve, and manage justice system issues.

The work of CJCCs can produce many benefits, including better understanding of crime and criminal justice problems, greater cooperation among agencies and units of local government, clearer objectives and priorities, more effective resource allocation, and better quality criminal justice programs and personnel. Taken together, these results can increase public confidence in and support for criminal justice processes, enhancing system performance and, ultimately, the integrity of the law.

Targeted Violence Prevention Program

ICJIA is responsible for promoting policies and programs across the state to prevent violence. The Targeted Violence Prevention Program (TVPP) leveraged the knowledge and expertise of agency staff in violence prevention, research, collaboration and program management to help build and sustain targeted violence prevention programs at the community level.

TVPP used a public health approach toward targeted violence prevention. The program design called for communities to collaborate to build and sustain programs that can prevent individuals from being recruited to commit hate-inspired targeted violence and help re-direct at-risk individuals who have not yet committed a crime.

Federal and State Grants

The Federal & State Grants Unit (FSGU) administers grant programs overseen by ICJIA. Authorized to receive and disburse grant money, ICJIA also is responsible for assuring compliance with federal and state regulations.

ICJIA began administering federal grants in 1985, following the passage of the Justice Assistance Act and the Victims of Crime Act by Congress. In FY19, 18 staff members processed 225 individual grants under 11 federal and 12 state programs, with \$89.1 million in disbursements for the fiscal year.

FSGU staff perform a variety of functions in developing, implementing, and monitoring state and local programs. These tasks include planning, program development, technical assistance, coordination, and administration.

Federal Grant Programs

Building State Technology Capacity and Elder Abuse Hotlines

The Building State Technology Capacity and Elder Abuse Hotlines program is open to Victim of Crime Act (VOCA) program administrators, such as ICJIA. The program supports visionary statewide technology programs to enhance victims' access to services, fosters innovation and efficiency in the provision of services, improves the quality of services, and improve the accessibility and responsiveness of victim service organizations.

ICJIA was awarded \$750,000 in Building State Technology Capacity and Elder Abuse Hotlines funds in federal fiscal year 2018. In FY19, ICJIA received an \$82,113 grant from the award to administer the program.

Discretionary Training and Technical Assistance Program

The Discretionary Training and Technical Assistance Program provides and technical assistance to VOCA victim assistance service providers (grantees) and others who work with crime victims. Activities funded through this program may include, but are not limited to, the establishment or enhancement of state victim assistance academies, statewide training initiatives, crime victim-related conferences, basic training

for new programs, or scholarships to attend relevant conferences or training.

ICJIA was awarded \$1.4 million in federal fiscal year 2018 to administer the program. In FY19, ICJIA disbursed \$2,476 to the Office of the Illinois Attorney General, \$37,240 to ICADV, and \$36,814 to ICASA to provide training and technical assistance.

Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grants

The Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program (JAG) was designed to streamline justice funding and grant administration. The program blended funding for Edward Byrne Memorial State and Local Law Enforcement Assistance (also known as ADAA) and Local Law Enforcement Block Grant programs to provide agencies with the flexibility to prioritize and place justice funds where they are needed most.

JAG funds can be used for state and local initiatives, technical assistance, training, personnel, equipment, supplies, contractual support, and information systems for criminal justice for any one or more of the following purpose areas:

- Law enforcement.
- Prosecution and court.
- Prevention and education.
- Corrections and community corrections.
- Drug treatment and enforcement programs.
- Planning, evaluation, and technology improvement.
- Crime victim and witness programs (other than compensation).

Illinois's federal fiscal year 2019 JAG award was \$6.4 million. In FY19, \$6.8 million in JAG funds were disbursed to 52 programs. See page 23 for a list of programs supported by JAG during the fiscal year.

Paul Coverdell National Forensic Sciences Improvement Act

The Paul Coverdell National Forensic Sciences Improvement Act (NFSIA) authorizes funding to improve the quality, timeliness, and credibility of forensic science services for criminal justice purposes.

NFSIA funding is directed to crime laboratories and medical examiners' offices based on population and crime statistics. The program permits funding

Sex Offender Registration and Notification Act

ICJIA disbursed SORNA grants to the following agencies in FY19:

Agency	State funds disbursed
Village of Arlington Heights	\$13,600
Frankfort Police Department	\$14,187
Galesburg Police Department	\$20,000
Illinois Department of Corrections	\$248,403
Kankakee County	\$16,000
Kankakee Police Department	\$16,000
McHenry County College District	\$11,760
Ogle County	\$19,678
St. Clair County	\$30,423
Union County State's Attorney's Office	\$18,960
Waubensee Community College	\$18,960
Williamson County	\$25,181
TOTAL: \$453,152	

for facilities, personnel, computerization, equipment, supplies, education, and training.

Illinois' federal fiscal year 2019 NFSIA award was \$729,375. In FY19, ICJIA disbursed \$20,337 to the Cook County Medical Examiner's Office, \$27,169 to DuPage County, \$188,387 to the Illinois State Police, and \$28,186 to the Northeastern Illinois Regional Crime Lab for forensic science initiatives. ICJIA received \$6,390 for program administration.

Residential Substance Abuse Treatment Program

The Residential Substance Abuse Treatment Program (RSAT) provides funding for treatment programs in a correctional setting and is available to the Illinois Department of Corrections (IDOC) and Illinois Department of Juvenile Justice (IDJJ). RSAT funds are used to implement residential, jail-based, and after-care programs.

RSAT funding requires the following criteria for funding eligibility:

- Length of treatment must be six to 12 months.
- Offenders must receive treatment services in a residential setting away from the general inmate population.

- The primary focus of the program must be on the substance use problems of the inmate, but the program also must develop inmates' social, cognitive, and vocational skills.

In addition, treatment is limited to offenders who are nearing the end of their incarceration so that they may be released upon completion of the program.

Illinois received a federal fiscal year 2019 RSAT award of \$773,486. In FY19, 8,022 was disbursed to IDJJ to support drug treatment at the Illinois Youth Center in Harrisburg and \$96,087 was disbursed to the Illinois Department of Corrections for dual diagnosis treatment programming for women inmates. ICJIA received \$172 for program administration during the fiscal year.

Sex Offender Registration and Notification Act

The Sex Offender Registration and Notification Act (SORNA) is Title I of the Adam Walsh Child Protection and Safety Act of 2006 (Public Law 109-248). SORNA provides a comprehensive set of minimum standards for sex offender registration and notification in the United States. SORNA aims to close potential gaps and loopholes that existed under prior law and generally strengthens the nationwide network of sex offender registration and notification programs. SORNA is a competitive award administered to states by the U.S. Department of Justice Office of Justice Programs. Illinois received a federal fiscal year 2019 SORNA award of \$252,569. ICJIA disbursed \$453,152 in SORNA funding to 12 agencies in FY19.

Victim Assistance Discretionary Grant Training Program

The Victim Assistance Discretionary Grant Training Program supports training and technical assistance for victim assistance service providers and others who work with crime victims. These funds can also support statewide training initiatives, crime victim related conferences, basic training for new programs for underserved victims, and scholarships to service providers and others who work with crime victims.

Illinois has an extensive network of coalitions and statewide issue groups that are supported by strong legislation dedicated to victim rights and

services. Yet, Illinois is a large, diverse state that still has many unmet needs in the victim services field. Local agencies throughout the state struggle to meet the training and staffing needs for their services.

ICJIA was awarded \$946,913 in FFY15 to administer the program in Illinois. In FY19, ICJIA disbursed \$125,719 to the Illinois Attorney General's Office, \$192,034 to the Illinois Coalition Against Domestic Violence (ICADV), and \$63,199 to the Illinois Coalition Against Sexual Assault (ICASA) to expand training opportunities for victim service advocates throughout the state.

Violence Against Women Act

Congress first passed the Violence Against Women Act (VAWA) in 1994 and reauthorized the Act in 2000. With a reauthorization in 2005, Congress began a new initiative of the S.T.O.P. (Services * Training * Officers * Prosecutors) VAWA program by authorizing grants to states for programs that would improve the response of the criminal justice system to women who are victims of sexual assault and domestic violence.

As the agency charged with administering VAWA awards in Illinois, ICJIA relies on data, public testimony, and surveys of criminal justice and victim service agencies to ensure the most effective distribution of funds. The program's objectives include:

- Providing services to women who are victims of sexual assault and domestic violence.
- Developing, implementing, and evaluating a plan for training police, prosecutors, judges, circuit clerks, probation officers, and service providers to promote an interdisciplinary approach to sexual assault and domestic violence.
- Implementing measures that document and assess the response of criminal justice agencies in Illinois to sexual assault and domestic violence.

The Act specifies that states must allocate 25 percent of the funds to law enforcement, 25 percent to prosecution, 30 percent to service providers, and 5 percent to the courts. The remaining 15 percent can be allocated at the state's discretion. Funds have a two-year lifespan and must be spent in accordance with a plan drafted by the ICJIA Ad Hoc Victim Services Committee and submitted to the U.S. Department of Justice Office on Violence Against Women.

Illinois' federal fiscal year 2019 VAWA award was \$4.7 million. More than \$4.5 million in VAWA funds was disbursed in FY19 to support 31 programs. See page 24 for a list of programs supported by VAWA in FY19.

VAWA Arrest Program

The VAWA Arrest Program provides grants to encourage arrest policies and enforcement of protection orders program. This discretionary grant program is designed to encourage state, local, and tribal governments and state, local, and tribal courts to treat domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, and stalking as serious violations of criminal law requiring the coordinated involvement of the entire criminal justice system.

Illinois received a federal fiscal year 2014 award of \$900,000 to administer the program. In FY19, ICJIA disbursed \$12,961 to Blue Tower Solutions, Inc., to support a local Family Violence Coordinating Council.

VAWA Sexual Assault Services Program

The VAWA Sexual Assault Services Program supports the provision of hotline, advocacy, counseling, and outreach services to adults and children at local victim service agencies across Illinois.

Illinois' federal fiscal year 2019 VAWA Sexual Assault Services Program award was \$566,484. ICJIA disbursed 456,006 to ICASA during the fiscal year. ICJIA received \$13,972 for program administration.

Victims of Crime Act

The Victims of Crime Act (VOCA), funded with fines paid by offenders convicted of violating federal laws, supports direct services to victims of crime. The Act requires that priority is given to services for victims of sexual assault, domestic violence, child abuse, and other groups identified by the state as underserved victims of crime.

Illinois' federal fiscal year 2019 VOCA award was \$86.2 million. ICJIA disbursed \$58.4 million in VOCA grant funding in FY19 to 77 victim service providers. See page 25 for a list of programs funded through VOCA in FY19.

Community-Based Violence Intervention and Prevention Services Programs

ICJIA disbursed CB-VIP grants to the following agencies in FY19:

Agency	State funds disbursed
Alternatives Inc.	\$281,191.00
Big Brothers Big Sisters of Metropolitan Chicago	\$330,224.00
Bright Star Community Outreach	\$477,573.00
Cabrini Green Legal Aid	\$109,155.00
Catholic Charities of the Archdiocese of Chicago	\$516,380.00
Children's Home and Aid Society of Illinois	\$94,552.00
Gary Comer Youth Center	\$725,128.00
Heartland Alliance	\$716,245.00
Illinois Association of Juvenile Justice Councils	\$487,103.00
Lake County Crisis Center dba A Safe Place	\$512,824.00
Lawrence Hall	\$126,175.00
Northeast DuPage Family & Youth Services	\$98,665.00
Pilsen Wellness Center Inc.	\$216,890.00
Rockford Metropolitan Agency for Planning	\$140,743.00
South Shore Drill Team and Performing Arts Ensemble	\$53,708.00
Springfield Urban League	\$211,027.00
Universal Family Connections	\$660,570.00
TOTAL: \$1,1028,684	

Community Law Enforcement Partnership for Deflection and Substance Abuse Treatment

ICJIA disbursed CLEP grants to the following agencies in FY19:

Agency	State funds disbursed
Arlington Heights Police Department	\$3,794
Elk Grove Police Department	\$14,359
McLean County Sheriff's Department	\$5,130
Mercer County Sheriff's Department	\$58,057
Village of Mundelein	\$25,084
Will County Sheriff's Department	\$63,437
TOTAL: \$169,861	

State Grant Programs

Bullying Prevention Grant Program

The Bullying Prevention Grant Program helps schools and youth organizations implement and evaluate evidence-based bullying prevention programs

in K-12 school settings. ICJIA received a \$443,000 appropriation to administer the Bullying Prevention Grant Program in FY19. ICJIA disbursed \$7,946 to Ann & Robert H. Lurie Children's Hospital and Southern Illinois University for bullying prevention efforts in FY19.

Community-Based Violence Intervention and Prevention Services Programs

Community-Based Violence Intervention and Prevention (CBVIP) services programs support community coalition building to engage service providers, state and local government agencies, law enforcement personnel, and others to ensure that service providers and community members are aware of violence prevention resources available in community. These grants encourage collaborative partnerships to ensure clients' immediate needs are met and support pro-social activities for the community. ICJIA received a \$7.5 million appropriation to administer the CB-VIP program in FY19. ICJIA disbursed \$5,758,153 to 17 agencies during the fiscal year.

Community Law Enforcement Partnership for Deflection and Substance Abuse Treatment

The Community-Law Enforcement Partnership (CLEP) for Deflection and Substance Abuse Treatment program helps law enforcement to develop and implement deflection programs that offer immediate pathways to substance use treatment as an alternative to involvement in the criminal justice system. ICJIA received a \$500,000 appropriation to administer the CLEP program in FY19. ICJIA disbursed \$144,776 to five law enforcement agencies in FY19.

Death Penalty Abolition Fund

The Death Penalty Abolition Fund was created by Public Act 725 ILCS 5/119(b), stating that all unobligated and unexpended moneys remaining in the Capital Litigation Trust Fund were to be transferred to ICJIA for services to families of victims of homicide or murder and for training of law enforcement personnel.

In FY19, ICJIA disbursed \$100,044 to Chicago Citizens for Change and \$17,312 to Chicago Survivors for services to families of victims of homicide.

Illinois Family Violence Coordinating Council Grants

ICJIA disbursed IFVCC grants to the following agencies in FY19:

Agency	State funds disbursed
Cra-Wa-La Volunteers in Probation, Inc.	\$91,856
DuPage County	\$9,481
Madison County Auditor	\$20,716
McHenry County College District	\$12,646
Peoria County Treasurer	\$36,279
Regional Office of Education #11	\$34,525
Regional Office of Education #32	\$31,220
West Central Illinois Area Council on Aging	\$37,856
Will County Chief Judge's Office	\$39,638
Winnebago County	\$30,946
TOTAL: \$345,165	

Safe from the Start Grants

ICJIA disbursed State from the Start grants to the following agencies in FY19:

Agency	State funds disbursed
Casa Central Social Services Corporation	\$81,397
Center for Prevention of Abuse	\$130,983
Child Abuse Council	\$102,503
Children's Advocacy Center of North and Northwest Cook County	\$140,350
Children's Home and Aid Society of Illinois	\$116,104
Family Focus Inc.	\$56,872
Heartland Human Care Services	\$75,764
Metropolitan Family Services	\$99,704
South Suburban Family Shelter	\$132,168
University of Illinois at Chicago	\$92,839
TOTAL: \$1,1028,684	

Illinois Family Violence Coordinating Council

Family violence coordinating councils, at both state and local/circuit levels, establish a forum to improve the institutional, professional, and community response to family violence, including intimate partner abuse, child abuse, abuse against people with disabilities, and elder abuse. Coordinated by the Illinois Family Violence Coordinating Council (IFVCC), the councils engage in education and prevention as well as coordination of intervention and services for

victims and perpetrators. They also work to improve the administration of justice when addressing family violence.

ICJIA was appropriated \$525,000 to administer IFVCC in FY19. ICJIA disbursed \$345,165 to 10 family violence coordinating councils during the fiscal year.

Safe from the Start

The Safe from the Start Program was initiated to address childhood exposure to violence. The program implements and evaluates comprehensive and coordinated community models to identify and respond to children ages 0 to 5 who have been exposed to violence in the home or community. Program components include coalition and collaboration building, direct services, and public awareness.

ICJIA received a \$1.2 million appropriation to administer the Safe from the State program in FY19. During the fiscal year, ICJIA disbursed \$1 million to 10 agencies for Safe from the Start programming.

Other State Grants

In FY19, ICJIA also disbursed:

- \$4.1 million to the University of Illinois Cease-fire program.
- \$105,101 to Duane Dean Behavioral Health Center to support a community diversion program.
- \$7,365 to Illinois Sheriff's Association to support the Prescription Pill and Drug Disposal program.
- \$45,409 to Safer Foundation to support the Sinai Urban Health Institute Partnership.

Justice Assistance Grants

The Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program (JAG) was designed to streamline justice funding and grant administration. ICJIA designated JAG funds to the following programs between July 1, 2018, and June 30, 2019. Federal funds disbursed during the fiscal year may differ from the total designated to each program.

Program	Agency	Federal funds disbursed
Administration	Illinois Criminal Justice Information Authority	\$124,027
Community Justice Centers	Cook County State's Attorney's Office	\$1,033,177
Correctional Initiatives	Haymarket Center	\$254,783
Correctional Initiatives	Illinois Department of Corrections	\$457,814
Correctional Initiatives	Illinois Department of Juvenile Justice	\$148,295
Drug Diversion/Deflection	Braidwood Police Department	\$43,037
Drug Diversion/Deflection	Dixon Police Department	\$48,555
Drug Diversion/Deflection	City of Naperville	\$64,855
Evaluations	Illinois Criminal Justice Information Authority	\$621,208
Illinois Center of Excellence for Behavioral Health and Justice	Illinois Center of Excellence for Behavioral Health and Justice	\$56,934
Illinois Partnerships to Reduce Violent Crime	City of Champaign	\$33,612
Illinois Partnerships to Reduce Violent Crime	Champaign Police Department	\$208,113
Illinois Partnerships to Reduce Violent Crime	City of Peoria	\$62,149
Illinois Partnerships to Reduce Violent Crime	Rockford Metropolitan Agency for Planning	\$157,712
Illinois Partnerships to Reduce Violent Crime	Springfield Police Department	\$397,199
Operations	Cook County	\$74,686
Operations	Cook County Public Defender's Office	\$79,217
Operations	Cook County State's Attorney's Office	\$125,865
Operations	Winnebago County Youth Recovery Court	\$68,599
Mental Health Discharge Coordination	Be Well Partners in Health	\$77,920
Mitigation	Cook County Public Defender's Office	\$73,687
Multijurisdictional Large-Scale Narcotic Trafficking Enforcement	Blackhawk Area Task Force	\$94,940
Multijurisdictional Large-Scale Narcotic Trafficking Enforcement	Central Illinois Enforcement Group	\$113,231
Multijurisdictional Large-Scale Narcotic Trafficking Enforcement	DuPage County Metropolitan Enforcement Group	\$112,750
Multijurisdictional Large-Scale Narcotic Trafficking Enforcement	East Central Illinois Task Force	\$108,214
Multijurisdictional Large-Scale Narcotic Trafficking Enforcement	Joliet Mans	\$111,144
Multijurisdictional Large-Scale Narcotic Trafficking Enforcement	Kankakee Area Metropolitan Enforcement Group	\$66,780
Multijurisdictional Large-Scale Narcotic Trafficking Enforcement	Metropolitan Enforcement Group Of Southwestern Illinois	\$150,000
Multijurisdictional Large-Scale Narcotic Trafficking Enforcement	North Central Narcotics Task Force	\$216,964
Multijurisdictional Large-Scale Narcotic Trafficking Enforcement	Perry County Sheriff's Department	\$20,421
Multijurisdictional Large-Scale Narcotic Trafficking Enforcement	Quad- Cities Metropolitan Enforcement Group	\$134,499
Multijurisdictional Large-Scale Narcotic Trafficking Enforcement	South Central Illinois Drug Task Force	\$62,793
Multijurisdictional Large-Scale Narcotic Trafficking Enforcement	Southern Illinois Drug Task Force	\$223,686
Multijurisdictional Large-Scale Narcotic Trafficking Enforcement	Southern Illinois Enforcement Group	\$111,835
Multijurisdictional Large-Scale Narcotic Trafficking Enforcement	State Line Area Narcotics Team	\$95,997
Multijurisdictional Large-Scale Narcotic Trafficking Enforcement	Vermilion County Metropolitan Enforcement Group	\$138,260
Multijurisdictional Large-Scale Narcotic Trafficking Enforcement	West Central Illinois Task Force	\$106,713
Multijurisdictional Narcotic Prosecution Units	Cook County State's Attorney's Office	\$706,749
Multijurisdictional Narcotic Prosecution Units	DuPage County State's Attorney's Office	\$134,124
Multijurisdictional Narcotic Prosecution Units	Kane County State's Attorney's Office	\$112,713
Multijurisdictional Narcotic Prosecution Units	Kankakee County State's Attorney's Office	\$88,933
Multijurisdictional Narcotic Prosecution Units	Lake County State's Attorney's Office	\$144,269
Multijurisdictional Narcotic Prosecution Units	Madison County State's Attorney's Office	\$81,866
Multijurisdictional Narcotic Prosecution Units	McHenry County State's Attorney's Office	\$103,392
Multijurisdictional Narcotic Prosecution Units	State's Attorney's Appellate Prosecutor's Office	\$1,049
Multijurisdictional Narcotic Prosecution Units	Will County State's Attorney's Office	\$106,613
Multijurisdictional Narcotic Prosecution Units	Winnebago County State's Attorney's Office	\$38,008
Sex Offender Supervision	Coles/Cumberland County Court Services	\$14,087
Special Task Forces	Cook County State's Attorney's Office	\$22,525
Specialized Defense Initiatives	Cook County Public Defender's Office	\$19,172
Specialized Defense Initiatives	State Appellate Defender's Office	\$31,401
Youth Recovery Court	Winnebago County Circuit Court	\$53,566

TOTAL: \$6,769,546

Violence Against Women Act Grants

The Violence Against Women Act created a block grant program designed to help states improve the criminal justice system's response to victims of sexual assault or domestic violence. ICJIA designated VAWA grant funds to the following programs between July 1, 2018, and June 30, 2019. Federal funds disbursed during the fiscal year may differ from the total designated to each program.

Program	Agency	Federal funds disbursed
Administration	Illinois Criminal Justice Information Authority	\$270,521
Centralized Training for Chicago-Area Domestic Violence Agencies	Chicago Metropolitan Battered Women's Network	\$7,149
Domestic Violence Multi-Disciplinary Team Response	10th Judicial Circuit	\$92,590
Domestic Violence Multi-Disciplinary Team Response	Call for Help	\$26,275
Domestic Violence Multi-Disciplinary Team Response	Center for Prevention of Abuse	\$44,049
Domestic Violence Multi-Disciplinary Team Response	Chicago Police Department	\$54,999
Domestic Violence Multi-Disciplinary Team Response	Cook County State's Attorney's Office	\$261,897
Domestic Violence Multi-Disciplinary Team Response	Family Rescue	\$225,935
Domestic Violence Multi-Disciplinary Team Response	Life Span	\$50,122
Domestic Violence Multi-Disciplinary Team Response	Peoria County Probation Department	\$32,671
Domestic Violence Multi-Disciplinary Team Response	Peoria County Sheriff's Department	\$29,462
Domestic Violence Multi-Disciplinary Team Response	Peoria County State's Attorney's Office	\$218,899
Domestic Violence Multi-Disciplinary Team Response	Peoria Police Department	\$62,099
Domestic Violence Multi-Disciplinary Team Response	St. Clair County Court Services & Probation Department	\$11,359
Domestic Violence Multi-Disciplinary Team Response	St. Clair County Probation Department	\$38,665
Domestic Violence Multi-Disciplinary Team Response	St. Clair County Sheriff's Department	\$165,145
Domestic Violence Multi-Disciplinary Team Response	St. Clair County State's Attorney's Office	\$180,368
Domestic Violence Multi-Disciplinary Team Response	Violence Prevention Center of Southwestern Illinois	\$198,209
Services for Underserved Areas or Victim Groups	Illinois Coalition Against Domestic Violence	\$676,778
Services for Underserved Areas or Victim Groups	Illinois Coalition Against Sexual Assault	\$749,568
Sexual Assault Multi-Disciplinary Team Response	21st Judicial Circuit	\$58,183
Sexual Assault Multi-Disciplinary Team Response	Call for Help	\$12,259
Sexual Assault Multi-Disciplinary Team Response	Center for Prevention of Abuse	\$18,476
Sexual Assault Multi-Disciplinary Team Response	Chicago Police Department	\$55,601
Sexual Assault Multi-Disciplinary Team Response	Cook County State's Attorney's Office	\$28,082
Sexual Assault Multi-Disciplinary Team Response	Kankakee County Probation Department	\$22,972
Sexual Assault Multi-Disciplinary Team Response	Kankakee County Sheriff's Department	\$134,002
Sexual Assault Multi-Disciplinary Team Response	Kankakee County State's Attorney's Office	\$176,654
Sexual Assault Multi-Disciplinary Team Response	KC-Casa	\$87,552
Sexual Assault Multi-Disciplinary Team Response	Life Span	\$34,718
Sexual Assault Multi-Disciplinary Team Response	Rape Victim Advocates	\$258,071
		TOTAL: \$4,535,329

Victims of Crime Act Grants

The Victims of Crime Act created a federal block grant program designed to help states increase services to victims of crime. ICJIA designated VOCA grant funds to the following programs between July 1, 2018, and June 30, 2019. Federal funds disbursed during the fiscal year may differ from the total designated to each program.

Program	Program	Federal funds disbursed
Administration	Illinois Criminal Justice Information Authority	\$3,151,789
Child Advocacy Center Services	Children's Advocacy Centers of Illinois	\$6,419,432
Civil Legal Services for Victims of Domestic Violence	Laf	\$1,000
County Court-Appointed Special Advocate Victim Assistance	Champaign County Court-Appointed Special Advocates	\$137,068
County Court-Appointed Special Advocate Victim Assistance	Child Abuse Council	\$64,791
County Court-Appointed Special Advocate Victim Assistance	Court-Appointed Special Advocates of Adams County	\$117,545
County Court-Appointed Special Advocate Victim Assistance	Court-Appointed Special Advocates of Cook County	\$111,154
County Court-Appointed Special Advocate Victim Assistance	Court-Appointed Special Advocates of DeKalb County	\$57,427
County Court-Appointed Special Advocate Victim Assistance	Court-Appointed Special Advocates of East Central Illinois	\$67,259
County Court-Appointed Special Advocate Victim Assistance	Court-Appointed Special Advocates of Effingham County	\$46,513
County Court-Appointed Special Advocate Victim Assistance	Court-Appointed Special Advocates of Franklin County	\$43,497
County Court-Appointed Special Advocate Victim Assistance	Court-Appointed Special Advocates of Kane County	\$492,074
County Court-Appointed Special Advocate Victim Assistance	Court-Appointed Special Advocates of Lake County	\$171,709
County Court-Appointed Special Advocate Victim Assistance	Court-Appointed Special Advocates of McHenry County	\$37,802
County Court-Appointed Special Advocate Victim Assistance	Court-Appointed Special Advocates of Southwestern Illinois	\$203,133
County Court-Appointed Special Advocate Victim Assistance	Court-Appointed Special Advocates of the 10th Judicial Circuit	\$234,517
County Court-Appointed Special Advocate Victim Assistance	Court-Appointed Special Advocates of Vermilion County	\$164,601
County Court-Appointed Special Advocate Victim Assistance	Court-Appointed Special Advocates of Williamson County	\$52,765
County Court-Appointed Special Advocate Victim Assistance	Macon County Court-Appointed Special Advocates	\$113,019
County Court-Appointed Special Advocate Victim Assistance	McLean County	\$188,038
Law Enforcement/Prosecutor-Based Victim Assistance Services	Arlington Heights Police Department	\$71,603
Law Enforcement/Prosecutor-Based Victim Assistance Services	Cook County State's Attorney's Office	\$1,063,974
Law Enforcement/Prosecutor-Based Victim Assistance Services	Elgin Police Department	\$231,496
Law Enforcement/Prosecutor-Based Victim Assistance Services	Franklin County State's Attorney's Office	\$58,840
Law Enforcement/Prosecutor-Based Victim Assistance Services	Kankakee County State's Attorney's Office	\$77,707
Law Enforcement/Prosecutor-Based Victim Assistance Services	Lake County State's Attorney's Office	\$146,514
Law Enforcement/Prosecutor-Based Victim Assistance Services	Madison County State's Attorney's Office	\$42,490
Law Enforcement/Prosecutor-Based Victim Assistance Services	McLean County State's Attorney's Office	\$51,832
Law Enforcement/Prosecutor-Based Victim Assistance Services	Mundelein Police Department	\$85,797
Law Enforcement/Prosecutor-Based Victim Assistance Services	St. Clair County State's Attorney's Office	\$44,687
Law Enforcement/Prosecutor-Based Victim Assistance Services	Union County State's Attorney's Office	\$40,062
Law Enforcement/Prosecutor-Based Victim Assistance Services	Vermilion County State's Attorney's Office	\$47,816
Law Enforcement/Prosecutor-Based Victim Assistance Services	Wheeling Human Services Department	\$105,824
Law Enforcement/Prosecutor-Based Victim Assistance Services	Williamson County State's Attorney	\$79,417
Law Enforcement/Prosecutor-Based Victim Assistance Services	Winnebago County State's Attorney's Office	\$85,556
Services to Underserved Sexual Assault Victim Populations	Illinois Coalition Against Sexual Assault	\$14,478,973
Services to Victims of Domestic Violence	Chicago Department of Family and Support Services	\$447,738
Statewide Services to Victims of Domestic Violence	Illinois Coalition Against Domestic Violence	\$15,314,047
Transitional Housing Program	A Safe Place	\$326,930
Transitional Housing Program	Crisis Center of South Suburbia	\$107,698
Transitional Housing Program	Dove Inc.	\$120,837
Transitional Housing Program	Guardian Angel Community Services	\$367,401
Transitional Housing Program	Heartland Human Care Services, Inc.	\$278,037
Transitional Housing Program	Hope of East Central Illinois	\$84,267
Transitional Housing Program	Korean American Women in Need	\$109,481
Transitional Housing Program	Remedies Renewing Lives	\$200,687
Transitional Housing Program	Safe Passage Inc.	\$184,015
Transitional Housing Program	Wings	\$235,554
Child Abuse, Financial Crime, and Impaired Driving	Alliance Against Intoxicated Motorists	\$167,880
Child Abuse, Financial Crime, and Impaired Driving	Catholic Charities of the Archdiocese of Chicago	\$201,755
Child Abuse, Financial Crime, and Impaired Driving	Heartland Human Care Services, Inc.	\$123,392
Child Abuse, Financial Crime, and Impaired Driving	Hoyleton Youth and Family Services	\$59,810

Continued on p. 26

Victim of Crime Act Grants, continued

Program	Agency	Federal funds disbursed
Child Abuse, Financial Crime, and Impaired Driving	Mothers Against Drunk Drivers-Illinois	\$67,869
Community Violence	Ann & Robert H. Lurie Children's Hospital of Chicago	\$246,413
Community Violence	Build Inc	\$211,503
Community Violence	Center on Halsted	\$171,700
Community Violence	Chicago Hearing Society	\$79,037
Community Violence	Chicago Survivors	\$99,2928
Community Violence	Children Home & Aid Society	\$61,128
Community Violence	DeKalb County Youth Service Bureau	\$43,551
Community Violence	East Aurora School District	\$303,950
Community Violence	Family Resources	\$124,491
Community Violence	Hektoen Institute	\$603,777
Community Violence	St. Anthony Hospital Foundation	\$464,563
Community Violence	UCAN	\$512,688
Community Violence	YMCA	\$465,727
Trauma Recovery Centers	Advocate Christ Medical Center	\$543,647
Trauma Recovery Centers	Osf Health Care System, Dba St. Francis Medical Center	\$531,035
Comprehensive Legal Assistance	Chicago Alliance Against Sexual Exploitation	\$195,482
Comprehensive Legal Assistance	Domestic Violence Legal Clinic	\$421,727
Comprehensive Legal Assistance	Erie Neighborhood House	\$158,755
Comprehensive Legal Assistance	Highland Park-Highwood Legal Aid Clinic	\$60,619
Comprehensive Legal Assistance	Laf	\$795,931
Comprehensive Legal Assistance	Land of Lincoln Legal Assistance Foundation-East St. Louis	\$520,139
Comprehensive Legal Assistance	Life Span	\$850,889
Comprehensive Legal Assistance	Metropolitan Family Services	\$804,670
Comprehensive Legal Assistance	Prairie State Legal Services	\$2,118,468
		TOTAL: \$58,367,936

Research and Analysis

ICJIA's Research & Analysis Unit leads the agency's efforts to promote research-supported and data-driven approaches that contribute to improved public safety outcomes. Also known as the Illinois Statistical Analysis Center (SAC), the unit's primary mission is to identify and explore current or emerging criminal and juvenile justice issues and programs that affect the Illinois justice system. The results are made available to state, county, and local criminal justice decision-makers to assist them in their policy discussions and planning.

Centers

IN FY19, the SAC's four centers collaborated to make objective information available on key issues so that important policy, program, and funding decisions are based on data and facts rather than general perceptions.

Center for Criminal Justice Data and Analytics

The Center for Criminal Justice Data and Analytics continually collects, analyzes, reports on, and disseminates crime and risk factor statistical information for strategic planning, policy decisions, and public education. Center staff offers a repository of these data on the ICJIA website, along with various online tools for data display and analysis. In partnership with the Illinois State Police, the center is responsible for dissemination of state criminal history record information (CHRI) data for research purposes, including in-house analytic use. The center provides technical assistance in statistical and research methods, database design and website interface, data analysis, and presentation.

Center for Justice Research and Evaluation

The Center for Justice Research and Evaluation conducts applied research and evaluation projects that examine critical criminal and juvenile justice topics and criminal justice program implementation and outcomes in Illinois. Staff collect data using multiple research methods, conduct advanced statistical analyses, and summarize findings to inform policy and practice. The center also conducts presentations and offers technical assistance to help state and local programs and initiatives use data to inform and improve their work.

Presentations

ICJIA staff gave presentations at a number of organizations and conferences in FY19. They included:

- 23rd Child Advocacy Centers of Illinois Annual Directors' Conference
- Building a Trauma-Informed Illinois Conference
- Center for Evidence Crime Policy Symposium, George Mason University
- Illinois Association of Behavioral Health
- Illinois Association of Chiefs of Police
- Illinois Court-Appointed Special Advocates State Conference
- Illinois Correctional Association
- International Family Violence and Child Victimization Research Conference
- Lake County Opioid Initiative
- Society for Community Research and Action Biennial Conference

Center for Sponsored Research & Program Development

The Center for Sponsored Research & Program Development secures experts in the field to conduct research and evaluate programs that inform policy, support evidence-based practices, and guide decision-making. Staff review and select programs and other priority criminal justice-related topics viable for evaluation and further research. Researchers are selected through a competitive process and are awarded federal grant subcontracts to conduct studies. The center also provides technical assistance to programs supported with ICJIA-administered grant funds as they refine program objectives, develop data collection tools, and assess program performance.

Center for Victim Studies

The Center for Victim Studies designs and conducts research examining the nature and scope of victimization in Illinois and evaluates programs that address victim needs. Center staff use a variety of research methods and analyses to explore victimization and victim services in order to improve policy, programming, and practice throughout the state. The center also coordinates presentations and disseminates reports, translating promising research into implications for policy and practice for stakeholders and

victim service providers. Staff also provide technical assistance to help victim service programs collect data to inform how to best meet the multifaceted needs of victims. Finally, staff manage the InfoNet System, a web-based data collection and reporting system used by more than 100 victim service providers in Illinois. The system is one of only a few known central repositories in the country for state-wide standardized victim service data. *See page 33 for more information on Infonet.*

Online Data Applications

SAC website

The SAC website is host to a variety of online data and tools to assist in interpreting the data. These tools allow users to research broad issues facing the criminal justice system or simply examine crime trends in a specific Illinois county or regional area. Criminal offense and arrest data from Illinois State Police (ISP) Uniform Crime Reports are available for each Illinois county. To access the tools, go to <https://icjia.illinois.gov/researchhub/apps>.

Illinois Arrests and Prison Admissions for Drug Offenses: Interactive Data

This interactive data on drug-related arrests and prison admissions allow users to explore the types of drug offenses for which individuals are arrested and admitted to prison, the locations across Illinois in which different types of drug arrests and prison admissions occur, and the characteristics of those admitted to prison for each type of drug offense.

Mental Health & Substance Use Continuums

Mental Health Disorders and The Criminal Justice System: A Continuum of Evidence-Informed Practices

Mental health disorders are between three and six times more common among individuals involved in the criminal justice system compared to the general population. This interactive article describes mental health disorders and relevant evidence-informed practices in the criminal justice system.

Boards & Commissions

ICJIA houses, staffs, and/or participates in the following advisory councils, task forces, boards, and commissions:

- Adult Redeploy Illinois Oversight Board
- Chicago Domestic Violence Coordinated Response Council
- Cross-Sector Data Workgroup to Address the Illinois Opioid Epidemic
- Governor's Bail Reform Working Group
- Illinois Governor's Opioid Prevention and Intervention Task Force
- Illinois Family Violence Coordinating Council Steering Committee
- Illinois Opioid Response Advisory Council
- Illinois Opioid Use Disorders in Corrections Meeting Working group
- Illinois Partnership for Safety
- Illinois State Epidemiological Outcomes Workgroup
- Illinois State Supreme Court Pretrial Commission
- Illinois Suicide Prevention Alliance
- Office of the Assistant Secretary for Health Region 5 Opioid Task force
- Redeploy Illinois Oversight Board
- Statewide Women's Justice Task Force
- Task Force on Opportunities for At-Risk Women
- Task Force on Strengthening Child Welfare Workforce for Children

Reducing Substance Use Disorders and Related Offending: A Continuum of Evidence-Informed Practices in The Criminal Justice System

Costs incurred in the United States from alcohol and drug use due to lost work productivity, health care expenses, motor vehicle accidents, and criminal justice costs can exceed \$400 billion. This interactive article describes substance use disorders and evidence-informed practices in the justice system.

Research and Evaluation Projects

A number of ICJIA research and evaluation efforts were completed in state fiscal year 2019. All completed literature reviews, research reports, and evaluations are available on the ICJIA website at <https://icjia.illinois.gov/researchhub/>.

Policing

Law Enforcement Response Health to Mental Crisis Incidents: A Survey of Illinois Police and Sheriff's Departments

Law enforcement agencies in Illinois and across the country are seeking ways to increase the safety and efficacy of interactions between officers and individuals experiencing a mental health crisis. Researchers conducted a statewide survey to learn more about how police and sheriff's departments respond to mental health crisis incidents. This article describes responding departments' policies and procedures to handle mental health crises in their jurisdictions and community resources available to help them address individuals' mental health needs.

Courts and Probation

The Cost of Justice: The Impact of Criminal Justice Financial Obligations on Individuals and Families

Monetary penalties, such as court costs, fees, and fines, are common sanctions levied by the criminal justice system. While these sanctions are used to offset court operations' costs, the financial burden disproportionately impacts those from lower socioeconomic levels and minority communities. This article summarizes survey findings gleaned from a population of justice-involved individuals to gain insight into the impacts of court costs, fees, and fines on individuals and families in Illinois.

Factors Influencing the Sentencing of Convicted Felons in Illinois

The number of individuals under some form of correctional supervision for a felony conviction has more than doubled since the 1980s. This article examines individual characteristics that influence sentencing and how community context and characteristics may also play a role in whether a jurisdiction is more likely to use prison as a sanction.

Probation Clients' Barriers to Access and Use of Opioid Use Disorder Medications

Some individuals on probation who have opioid use disorders (OUDs) cannot access effective, FDA-approved medications, such as methadone, buprenorphine, and naltrexone, to treat their disorders. This article features findings of an Illinois probation



While monetary penalties, such as court costs, fees, and fines, are used to offset court operations' costs, the financial burden disproportionately impacts those from lower socioeconomic levels and minority communities.

department director survey on how their departments respond to clients with OUDs, including barriers to accessing medication.

Jails, Prisons, and Reentry

BetaGov Supports Practitioners and Evaluators in Conducting Randomized Control Trials to Test Criminal Justice Programs

This article explores the use of randomized control trials to measure effectiveness of criminal justice programs. BetaGov assists practitioners and researchers conducting randomized control trials. An example of such a collaboration between ICJIA and BetaGov is offered along with lessons learned.

Entrepreneurship for the Formerly Incarcerated: A Process Evaluation of the Pathway to Enterprise for Returning Citizens (PERC) Program

Formerly incarcerated individuals may be unable to secure stable employment and struggle to acquire income; however, opening a small business may give this population an alternative to the traditional job market. Researchers evaluated the Pathway to Enterprise for Returning Citizens (PERC) program, which offered training in entrepreneurship and other resources to those returning from Illinois prisons to Cook County.



While crime victims do not always become offenders, most offenders have been victims. The victimization experience can produce negative physical, mental, and behavioral outcomes in individuals and some may go on to commit their own crimes.

Co-occurring Mental Health and Substance Use Disorders of Women in Prison: An Evaluation of the WestCare Foundation's Dual Diagnosis Program in Illinois

In this article, evaluation findings are shared on a program that treats Illinois women prisoners who suffer with co-occurring substance use and mental health disorders. Overall, feedback from clients and staff were positive and the program showed reductions in clients' post-traumatic stress disorder symptoms and aggression after participation.

Addressing Opioid Use Disorders in Corrections: A Survey of Illinois Jails

Even with substantial efforts at the state and local levels, opioid overdoses in Illinois continue to rise. Many in jails and prisons suffer from opioid use disorders and some receive treatment. Upon release, the risk of overdose is enhanced due to reduced tolerance. This article presents findings from a survey of 36 Illinois jail administrators on the use of medication-assisted treatment for detainees with opioid use disorders, naloxone distribution to reduce post-release overdose, and policies to ensure safe withdrawal from opioids and other drugs.

Addressing Opioid Use Disorders in Community Corrections: A Survey of Illinois Probation Departments

Nearly one-third of Illinois probationers suffer from an opioid use disorder (OUD). Despite evidence that FDA-approved medications methadone, buprenorphine, and naltrexone can effectively treat

OUD, many probation departments do not allow their clients to use them, even when prescribed by a healthcare provider. ICJIA researchers surveyed probation departments across the state to better understand their familiarity with, and training on, the medications, as well as barriers to their clients' access and use.

Juvenile Justice

Examining the Extent of Recidivism in Illinois After Juvenile Incarceration

Despite the juvenile justice system's shift from punitive to rehabilitative correctional approaches, post-commitment youth recidivism remains high. To better understand the extent of Illinois youth recidivism, researchers measured three-year re-arrest and reincarceration rates among a sample of youth released from state juvenile correctional facilities. Over the three-year period post-release from the juvenile state correctional facilities, 87% of youth were rearrested, 55% were recommitted to a state juvenile correctional facility, and 54% were committed to an adult correctional facility.

Victims

What's Next for InfoNet? How a Statewide Case Management System is Shaping Responses to Illinois Victims

InfoNet is a web-based, centralized statewide case management system for domestic and sexual violence centers maintained by ICJIA. This article demonstrates InfoNet's strengths and utility and how its data contribute knowledge about victimization and victim services. Also highlighted are the system's direction for future growth, new functionalities, and broader applications to address victimization in Illinois.

The Victim-Offender Overlap: Examining the Relationship Between Victimization and Offending

The relationship between victimization and offending, also referred to as the victim-offender overlap, is widely documented. While crime victims do not always become offenders, most offenders have been victims. This article outlines leading theoretical explanations for the victim-offender overlap, factors that influence victimization and offending, and recommendations for practitioners to address violent victimization and prevent subsequent offending.

Victimization and Help-Seeking Experiences of LGBTQ+ Individuals

Lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, and queer/questioning (LGBTQ+) individuals are at increased risk for experiencing violence and the negative impacts associated with violence, including stress, post-traumatic stress disorder symptoms, and injury. This article explores how victimization and help-seeking experiences of LGBTQ+ victims in Illinois differ from those of non-LGBTQ+ victims, and how experiences may vary based on a victim's LGB identity (i.e., lesbian/gay versus bisexual).

Child and Youth Exposure to Violence in Illinois

A large number of children and youth in the United States experience multiple forms of violence in their homes, schools, and community. These experiences can impact a child's personality development, mental health, academic success, and interpersonal relationships. This article presents data on the prevalence of childhood victimization and exposure to violence in Illinois. Also discussed are the impacts of those experiences and their implications for policy and practice.

Financial Assistance for Illinois Victims: Crime Victim Compensation Fund

Crime victim compensation (CVC) fund programs are available to financially assist victims of violent crime. The following article summarizes the purpose of crime victim compensation, victim-centered principles in CVC programs, and the criteria for CVC in Illinois. Researchers explored data on CVC awareness and applications in Illinois and compared them with reported crime trends and victim characteristics. Results suggest that many victims, including family members of homicide victims, are potentially eligible but do not receive CVC.

Other Criminal Justice Topics

The Intersection of Homelessness and the Criminal Justice System

This article offers an overview of state and national homelessness including prevalence and causes of homelessness, criminal justice system contacts with the homeless, and recommendations to address homelessness with a focus on justice-involved populations.



Homeless individuals are disproportionately more involved in the criminal justice system as both victims and alleged perpetrators.

Collaboration in Criminal Justice: A Review of the Literature on Criminal Justice Coordinating Councils

The criminal justice system features multiple independent agencies working parallel to each other. Criminal justice coordinating councils foster agency collaboration to better address county criminal justice issues. This article describes criminal justice coordinating councils and examines the limited research available on their implementation and effectiveness.

Examining the Recidivism of Firearm Offenders Using State Criminal History and Mortality Data

In this study, researchers compared recidivism rates of individuals initially arrested for gun charges with individuals arrested for other offenses. The researchers also used state criminal history records, state prison records, and death certificates to follow individuals for 10 years after their first firearm arrest. Findings offer relevant insights into first-time, firearm-involved arrestees, their recidivism patterns, and mortality rates, and inform policy and practice on the issue of guns and violence.

Criminal Justice Professionals Learn Promising Practices to Prosecute Domestic Violence Cases

Illinois law enforcement agencies reported 118,160 domestic-related crimes in 2016. The Illinois Family Violence Coordinating Council developed and provided training for police and other criminal justice practitioners to improve knowledge about domestic violence and apply this knowledge to support evidence-based approaches to prosecution and orders

of protection. This article presents findings from 28 training evaluations held between September 2015 and September 2017.

Demystifying Program Evaluation in Criminal Justice: A Guide for Practitioners

Evaluation in criminal justice is vital to improving program effectiveness, increasing efficiency, and improving public safety. This article helps demystify the evaluation process and offers practical advice for practitioners endeavoring to evaluate a program.

Protecting Participants of Social Science Research

Social science research, rooted in the scientific method, is the foundation on which to advance knowledge and society. Research may include the participation of individuals, or “human subjects,” to help further the understanding of society and issues within society. International, federal, state, and local regulations ensure individuals are protected from harm while participating in research. ICJIA adheres to these regulations. This article provides an overview of federal regulations for human subject research protections in social science.

Technical assistance

Adult Redeploy Illinois Program Performance Measurement Support

Adult Redeploy Illinois (ARI) provides fiscal incentives to local jurisdictions that design evidence-based services to supervise and treat non-violent offenders in the community instead of sending them to state prison. Center staff provide ARI database support and technical assistance. On a quarterly basis, researchers compile client data submitted from 22 sites into one performance measurement database to inform site managers, ARI program administrators, and the ARI Oversight Board on progress toward program goals and objectives.

InfoNet System Support to Victim Service Providers

Staff provide technical assistance to victim service providers using the InfoNet system, including demonstrating how they can use its data for grant reporting, identifying client and service trends, case management, staff supervision, and answering key questions about their program activities. In addition

to assisting providers in using InfoNet data, staff direct them on how to use InfoNet data in conjunction with other data sources (e.g., census data, crime data) for program development, resource management, and identifying potential underserved populations and service gaps. *For more information about InfoNet, see page 33.*

Vicarious Trauma Organizational Readiness Support to Domestic Violence Agencies

Domestic violence agencies in Illinois provide services to assist domestic violence victims in their recovery. Service providers may experience vicarious trauma as a result of their exposure to a victim’s traumatic experiences. Researchers developed vicarious trauma action plans for three domestic violence agencies using the Vicarious Trauma Organizational Readiness Guide, a U.S. Office for Victims of Crime supported tool. The action plans provided suggestions and resources for how agencies could become more vicarious trauma-informed.

Information systems

ICJIA's Information Systems Unit (ISU) is charged with designing, developing, and operating advanced technology that can be used to help Illinois public safety agencies collect and share information. Affordable information systems were created by the unit to strengthen communication between agencies and help these agencies coordinate their efforts to reduce crime.

Clandestine Lab Reporting Information System

Staff continued to oversee the Clandestine Lab Reporting Information System (CLARIS), a database that helps eliminate gaps in the drug information network that records the growing methamphetamine problem in the United States. CLARIS is a web-based data collection system for reporting and analysis of methamphetamine lab seizure data used mainly by law enforcement agencies in Illinois. With CLARIS, remote users access the program and centralized database at ICJIA using a web browser. CLARIS is used by the Illinois Methamphetamine Response Teams and other drug enforcement groups who perform methamphetamine lab seizures. Data collected are submitted to Illinois State Police for analysis. Agencies also use CLARIS to file the required federal El Paso Intelligence Center (EPIC) report, and to perform local monthly and annual statistical tabulations.

In FY19, 111 monthly data reports and 157 lab seizures were entered into CLARIS. These data are useful in determining, among other criteria, the types, numbers, and locations of laboratories seized, manufacturing trends, precursor and chemical sources, the number of children and law enforcement officers affected, and investigative leads. The data also helps agencies to justify and allocate current and future resources.

ICJIA created CLARIS in 2007 with a \$50,000 grant from the U.S. Bureau of Justice Statistics Office of Justice Programs. When combined with Illinois State Police and EPIC data, this comprehensive information-sharing network helps stem the proliferation and sale of methamphetamine by more accurately pinpointing the sources of its production.

Enhanced Grants Management System

ICJIA continued to use and update its proprietary Enhanced Grants Management Information System (eGMIS) during the fiscal year.

The system will transition to the state's lifecycle grant management system, in development and being built around the Grant Accountability and Transparency Act framework. This new system will provide a common internet-accessible platform for all grant activity while maintaining current grant management system functions. The system will ease full life-cycle grant management including registration, solicitation, application, review, selection, awarding/contracting, monitoring, communications, modifications, reporting, close-out, and fiscal management processes.

InfoNet Data Collection

InfoNet is a web-based data and case management system used by victim service providers in Illinois. Providers use InfoNet to document services provided to victims of domestic and sexual violence, and to produce standardized program and grant-specific data reports. For ICJIA and other funding organizations, InfoNet serves as a grant monitoring system and statewide repository for victim service data. InfoNet facilitates continuous strategic planning at state and local levels that supports effective resource allocation and improves services.

ICJIA operates and manages InfoNet, while system use and requirements are collaboratively governed with the Illinois Coalition Against Domestic Violence (ICADV), the Illinois Coalition Against Sexual Assault (ICASA), the Illinois Department of Human Services (IDHS) and Child Advocacy Centers of Illinois (CACI). Staff provided InfoNet service to 61 domestic violence programs, 31 sexual assault centers and eight child advocacy centers in FY19. InfoNet data show these organizations provided over 750,000 service hours to more than 71,000 victims statewide during the fiscal year. In addition, staff logged responses to more than 400 requests for technical assistance and data from users and external organizations in need of data.

Last spring, the Justice Research & Statistics Association's Center for Victim Research hosted a national webinar to demonstrate Illinois' InfoNet

System for other states. ICJIA staff presented an overview of the system and offered lessons learned throughout development.

Finally, ICJIA received a \$750,000 grant during FY19 from the U.S. Office for Victims of Crime to improve and expand InfoNet. The InfoNet Stepping Forward (ISF) Project involves partnering with service providers and other funders to build more automation into InfoNet's reporting tools; add new data elements to document changes in victims' circumstances (e.g., service needs, employment status) while engaged in services; and collect more meaningful outcomes to better measure service impact. With this grant, InfoNet also will receive a new interface that meets data collection and reporting needs of law enforcement and prosecutor-based victim service providers. The interface will allow data collection on victims of gun and gang violence and survivors of homicide, widening InfoNet's application to additional forms of victimization and victim services in Illinois.

ICJIA website

ICJIA's website, www.icjia.state.il.us, is a frequent destination for criminal justice professionals, educators, and members of the public. In addition to providing easy access to the latest criminal justice information, the site opens the door to ICJIA's three major areas of operation: research, information systems, and federal and state grants.

The site provides enhanced navigation and accessibility to ICJIA news, research, and resources. It also allows access across multiple devices, including cell phones, tablets, and laptop computers. The site was developed using open source (mostly free) web development tools to keep maintenance costs down while offering enhanced web security.

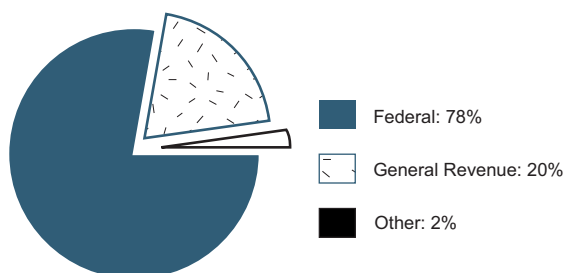
Fiscal Information

State Fiscal Year 2019 Expenditures*

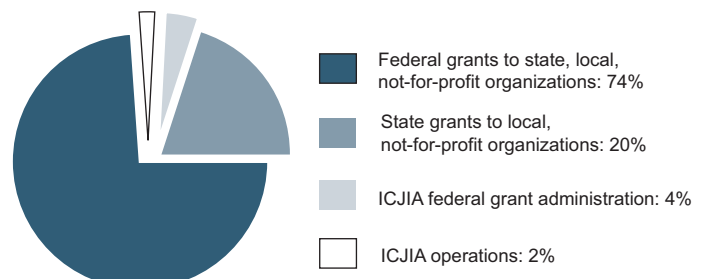
	GENERAL REVENUE	FEDERAL	VIOLENCE PREVENTION	VIOLENCE PREVENTION SPECIAL PROJECTS	DEATH PENALTY ABOLITION FUND	TOTAL
OPERATIONS						
Personal services	\$1,081,352					\$1,081,352
FICA	\$84,411					\$84,411
Contractual services	\$366,582					\$366,582
Travel	\$5,216					\$5,216
Commodities	\$1,490					\$1,490
Printing	\$3,792					\$3,792
EDP	\$179,249					\$179,249
Telecommunications	\$26,686					\$26,686
Auto operations	\$765					\$765
Unpaid wage increases	\$309,886					\$309,886
Ordinary/contingent expenses	\$98,231		\$178,066		\$65,413	\$341,710
Total operations	\$2,157,659		\$178,066		\$65,413	\$2,401,139
AWARDS & GRANTS						
Adult Redeploy Illinois Program	\$6,614,970			\$520,077		\$7,135,047
Operation Ceasefire	\$4,481,137					\$4,481,137
Community-Based Violence Prevention	\$6,139,858					\$6,139,858
Other state grant programs	\$3,090,165					\$3,090,165
Death Penalty Abolition					\$730,329	\$730,329
Federal assistance support		\$4,589,725				\$2,380,834
Grants to state agencies		\$1,200,109				\$97,479
Grants to locals/nonprofits		\$70,856,351				\$4,589,725
Grant refunds		\$8,813,011				\$1,200,109
Total awards and grants	\$20,326,131	\$85,459,196	\$0	\$520,077	\$730,329	\$107,035,733
GRAND TOTAL	\$22,483,790	\$85,459,196	\$178,066	\$520,077	\$795,742	\$109,436,871

*Totals include expenditures made through October 30, 2019 (lapse period). Funding source totals do not match grant allocation totals as some grant awards are spent over multiple years.

Sources for expenditures



Allocation of funds



Publications

The ICJIA website features a database of more than 800 agency publications. All publications are available for download at www.icjia.state.il.us. This list reflects materials published between July 1, 2018, and June 30, 2019.

Annual Report

Illinois Criminal Justice Information Authority 2018 Annual Report (April 2019)

Articles

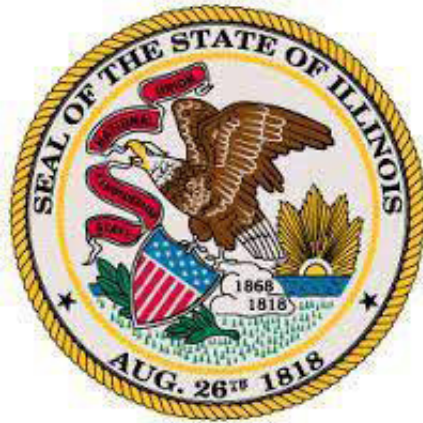
- Demystifying Program Evaluation in Criminal Justice: A Guide for Practitioners (June 2019)
- Protecting Participants of Social Science Research (June 2019)
- Child and Youth Exposure to Violence in Illinois (April 2019)
- Victimization and Help-Seeking Experiences of LGBTQ+ Individuals (January 2019)
- The Victim-Offender Overlap: Examining the Relationship Between Victimization and Offending (January 2019)
- Law Enforcement Response to Mental Health Crisis Incidents: A Survey of Illinois Police and Sheriff's Departments (December 2018)
- Addressing Opioid Use Disorders in Community Corrections: A Survey of Illinois Probation Departments (October 2018)
- BetaGov Supports Practitioners and Evaluators in Conducting Randomized Control Trials to Test Criminal Justice Programs (October 2018)
- Addressing Opioid Use Disorders in Corrections: A Survey of Illinois Jails (September 2018)
- What's Next for InfoNet? How a Statewide Case Management System is Shaping Responses to Illinois Victims (August 2018)
- The Cost of Justice: The Impact of Criminal Justice Financial Obligations on Individuals and Families (August 2018)
- Collaboration in Criminal Justice: A Review of the Literature on Criminal Justice Coordinating Councils (July 2018)
- The Intersection of Homelessness and the Criminal Justice System (July 2018)

Applications

- Illinois Arrests and Prison Admissions for Drug Offenses: Interactive Data (October 2018)
- Mental Health Disorders and The Criminal Justice System: A Continuum of Evidence-Informed Practices (June 2019)
- Reducing Substance Use Disorders and Related Offending: A Continuum of Evidence-Informed Practices in The Criminal Justice System (June 2019)

Research Reports

- Entrepreneurship for the Formerly Incarcerated: A Process Evaluation of the Pathway to Enterprise for Returning Citizens (PERC) Program (June 2019)
- Examining the Extent of Recidivism in Illinois After Juvenile Incarceration (April 2019)
- Criminal Justice Professionals Learn Promising Practices to Prosecute Domestic Violence (October 2018)
- Co-occurring Mental Health and Substance Use Disorders of Women in Prison: An Evaluation of the WestCare Foundation's Dual Diagnosis Program in Illinois (October 2018)
- Examining the Recidivism of Firearm Offenders Using State Criminal History and Mortality Data (July 2018)



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